The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1868. NO. 191.

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

ALL COME TO

CREECH'S!!!

SECOND GRAND OPENING OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

I AM NOW RECEIVING MY SECOND STOCK of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS.

My stock is LARGE and COMPLETE, and bought since the decline, and I am happy to say to my friends and customers that I can, and will, sell them Goods CHEAPER than they have bought them since the war.

Keep it Before the People,

That no House in the City can or will sell Goods cheaper than I will.

My House is a live House, and I do a LIVE BUSINESS.

COME TO CREECH'S

To buy your Goods.

I buy NEW Goods and GOOD STYLES, and will sell them at PRICES to meet the hard times. Just received,

40 Cases Boots and Shoes,

And will be sold at prices to suit you.

Don't Forget to Come to Creech's

Before you buy your Goods. I will treat you right.

A. CREECH,

R. Smith's corner, Fayetteville St.

Nov. 28—97-tf

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:

SUCH AS PRINTS AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS &c.,

At the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

Nov. 27—96-tf

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)

Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.

Aug. 31—71-tf S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW BOOKS

JUST RECEIVED.

SENSE AND NONSENSE; by Brick Pomeroy, Editor La Crosse *Democrat*, in separate volumes, $1 50 each.

ECCE DEUS and ECCE DEUS HOMO, in separate volumes, $1 50 each.

BARCKLEY'S DIGEST, with the Constitution of the United States, and amendments thereto; to which are added Jefferson's Manual of Parliamentary Practice and the Standing Rules and Orders for conducting business in the House of Representatives and Senate of the United States. Price $2 50.

HISTORY OF THE RISE OF THE DUTCH REPUBLIC, by John Lothrop Motley, 3 volumes 8vo sheep. Publisher's price $10 00

THE NEGRO; what is his Ethnological Status? Is he a descendant of Adam and Eve? by Ariel. Price 30 cents.

March 13—tf JAS. H. ENNISS, Bookseller, Raleigh, N. C.

S. B. KAHNWEILER,

IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER

OF

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HATS AND BONNETS.

425 BROADWAY,

(BETWEEN CANAL AND HOWARD STS.)

NEW YORK.

March 12—1m

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF FINE WHITE MEAL, CORN, FLOUR AND RYE.

W. H JONES & CO.

Feb. 25—tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

In Store and for Sale low.

100 Choice Maryland hams.

At TONNOFF'SKI'S

Feb 3-150-tf

N. C. Herrings.

SOUND and good, at $5 per Bbl. Also, No. 1 Shore Mackerel.

Feb 13-159-tf W. H JONES & CO.

RECEIVED THIS DAY

500 lbs Family Lard in Kegs

TONNOFF'SKI'S

Feb 3-150-tf

N. C. Walnuts.

25 BUSHELS from Western N. C. of superior flavor.

Feb 15-161-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Star's Snuff,

FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT PURchasers, by

March 12—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

HANDSAWS, HAMMERS, Hatchets, Files and Rasps. W. H JONES & CO.

Feb 25—tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

FISHING NOTICE.

I EXPECT TO PUT IN MY SEINE AT MY Fishery, in Blount's Creek, Beaufort County, about the 15th inst. I hope, therefore, to be able to supply my customers and the public with Herrings, &c., on good terms.

W. A. BLOUNT.

Blount's Creek, N. C., March 11—2w

For Sale.

SUPERIOR RYE WHISKEY, pure, put up in N. C. by the case.

March 16—tf W. H. JONES & CO., Auction & Com Merchants.

For Sale.

FINE OLD JAMAICA RUM.

W. H. JONES & CO.,

March 16—tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

BOOK STORES.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS;

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

Turner's N. C. Almanac for 1868.

WE SHALL PUBLISH, in a few days, the SECOND EDITION of the above Almanac.

We have reduced the price to $5 per hundred, or $50 per thousand.

Send your orders to

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

Booksellers and Stationers.

Raleigh, Oct. 24—67-tf

JAMES H. ENNISS,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

(TURNER'S OLD STAND)

Raleigh, N. C.,

Will supply any order for any Book or Music, at Publisher's lowest cash prices.

☞ Has the largest stock of BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC etc., for sale in the State.

☞ BLANK BOOK and BINDING done to order.

Dec. 31—123-tf

DRY GOODS.

Will be Sold Without Reserve!

AT

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

HIS ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS,

One of the finest now in the State, consisting, in part, of

FANCY AND STAPLE

DRY GOODS,

SHAWLS, FURS, CLOAKS, WOOLEN GOODS, LADIES', MISSES', AND CHILDREN'S SHOES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, etc., etc.

ALSO,

200 OVERCOATS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

75 FINE BLACK DRESS COATS

150 ASSORTED BEAVER, TRICOT, AND CASSIMERE BUSINESS SUITS.

300 PAIRS ASSORTED PANTS.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

GENTS AND BOYS HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES

of every description.

Traveling Bags, Valises and Trunks.

All of the above to be sold regardless of cost at

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

No. 16 Fayetteville St.

Jan 14-133-tf

GEO. SLOMAN, WITH M. ROSENBAUM, pays the highest price for FURS OF ALL KINDS.

Jan 14-133-tf

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

October 4, 1867—tf.

On Consignment.

TO be sold low, for cash,

Shovels, spades and Axes,

Trace Chains and Frying Pans

W. H. JONES & CO.

Feb 23-156-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

ALSO,

HAMMERS and Weeding Hoes, Horse-shoe Nails, Stew Pans.

W. H. JONES & CO.

Auctioneers & Com. Merchants.

Feb 23-156-tf

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO.

MANUFACTURERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,

Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,

BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES

and all other goods usually kept in a regular Saddlery establishment.

They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.

Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

Feb 7-154-tf

The Bankrupt Act.

We have been requested to publish the Bankrupt Law. This is impossible. It makes a respectable volume. In order, however, that our readers may understand it, and may therefore not be liable to be imposed upon by parties, who are indifferent to the interests of others, we have taken some pains to compile from several sources the following general principles of the Act, for the benefit of all who contemplate seeking its benefits. But first of all, we advise our friends not to determine hastily what they will do, until they have had the counsel of a respectable and intelligent Attorney, upon whom they can rely.

1. The manifest design of the Bankrupt Law is to benefit *honest*, but *unfortunate*, debtors, whose just liabilities are greater than they can pay.

2. To become a voluntary bankrupt under this Act, the debtor must owe at least $300, which, of course, he is not able to pay in full.

3. Petitioners under the Bankrupt Act are required to render a schedule of all their debts and liabilities, of every kind and description whatever, and also a true inventory of all their estate, both real and personal, including all property and effects of which they are possessed, or in which they may have an interest, (though not in possession) in conformity with certain "Forms" prescribed in the "General Orders" of the Supreme Court of the United States. These schedules, verified by the oath of the petitioner before a District Court Judge, Register in Bankruptcy, or U. S. Commissioner, must accompany the petition, and, when filed, is the commencement of proceedings in Bankruptcy. If it should be found out, pending the proceedings at any time before the bankrupt is discharged, that he has, by any shift or subterfuge, made a false or partial schedule, this would be evidence of fraud and would defeat his discharge.

4. When the petition is by a firm or copartnership, a full set of schedules of the respective estates of the members of the firm should also be added.

5. When the petition is filed, the case is immediately referred to a Register, who examines the petition and schedules annexed thereto, and if they are *correct* in form, makes a certificate to that effect, to be filed with the Clerk, then adjudges the debtor a Bankrupt and issues a warrant to the messenger to summon all the creditors named in the petitioner's schedules to meet at the Register's office, at a certain time and place, to prove their claims and elect one or more Assignees to take charge of the Bankrupt's estate.

6. A creditor can, however, prove his claim at any time previous to the last dividend, which will generally be six months subsequent to the adjudication of Bankruptcy.

7. No creditor has any standing in a Bankrupt Court until he proves his claim.

8. Creditors *acquo* right to *epeicom*the Bankrupt to answer questions concerning the disposal of property by him acquired subsequent to filing a petition in Bankruptcy. In other words, the date of the filing of the petition by or against a debtor, is the date at which, if adjudication of bankruptcy follows, the old order of things passes away and a new leaf is turned over. On this point decisions have been variant. The safe rule appears to be, that the appointment in bankruptcy has a perfect right to claim whatever he has made after his application, by his personal exertions, but any profits he may have made from investments or credit, may be liable to the claim of the receiver up to almost the period of his discharge.

9. The Bankrupt can apply to the Court at any time after the expiration of six months, and within one year from the adjudication, for the discharge in bankruptcy, and in case no assets come into the hands of the assignee, or no debts be proved against his estate, at any time after the expiration of sixty days.

10. As soon as an Assignee is elected or appointed, the Judge or Register will convey to him, by deed of assignment, all the bankrupt's property except what is exempted, viz: Household and kitchen furniture and other necessaries not exceeding in value $500 five hundred dollars; also his wearing apparel and that of his wife and children, and such other property not included in the foregoing as is exempt from levy and sale upon execution or other process by the laws of the State in which the bankrupt resides, to an amount not exceeding that allowed by State exemption laws in force in 1861. A safe "Counsellor suggests, under this head, that the common impression that persons may become bankrupts and yet be allowed to retain their houses and lands, or other property of considerable value, is a great mistake. Under the Act, no honest Bankrupt in this State can have allotted to him, free from the operation of the Act, exceeding $700, besides the wearing apparel of himself and family. Bankrupts in this state are not entitled to homesteads under this Act.

11. It is the duty of the assignee, within twenty days after the assignment to him is made, to allot to the bankrupt such articles as are exempted, and file an inventory of the same with the value of each article so allotted, and creditors may make objections to the report of the Assignee at any time within twenty days after it is filed.

12. As to costs in bankruptcy proceedings, section 66 of the Bankrupt Act provides that the petitioner, before a warrant issues, shall deposit fifty dollars with the Register, or with the Clerk, to be delivered to the Register as a security for his fees. General order XXIX provides that the fees of the Register, Marshal and Clerk shall be prepaid or secured before they can be compelled to act. It is also provided by General order XXX, that where the debtor has no means, and can prove the fact to the satisfaction of the Court, upon application, an order will be made requiring all the costs in the case to be paid out of the fifty dollars deposited with the Register. If, however, there are assets, but not enough to pay the Messenger after deducting the Bankrupt's exempted property, so that nothing comes into the hands of the Assignee, the fees will have to be paid by the Bankrupt; but if the Assignee receives assets, the fees of the Messenger will be paid by him before any dividend is made among creditors.

13. Some suppose that the Register is entitled to $50 fee. The fees of the Register, Messenger, Clerk, and costs of publication of notices in Bankruptcy, are fixed by law, and if they demand higher fees, they are liable, as in other cases of malfeasance in office. In ordinary cases of Bankruptcy, the fees may amount to $100. In some cases more, in some less—the costs depending on the amount of labor and litigation involved in each case.

14. Differences of opinion among Attorneys have existed in this State, as to the limit which the Act makes as to the time to make application in Bankruptcy. Some have supposed that no debtor will be permitted to apply for Bankruptcy after some early day in March, unless he is able to pay fifty per cent of his debts. We are assured that this is not the case. The law did not go into operation for the purposes for which it was enacted until June 1st, 1867. It gives twelve months from that time, to all honest debtors, whatever may be the extent of their indebtedness which they cannot pay in which to present their applications. After the 1st of June next, every debtor must be able to pay fifty per cent of his indebtedness in order to a successful application in bankruptcy, unless he first obtain the consent of a majority of his creditors.

1868 1868

SPRING & SUMMER IMPORTATION

RIBBONS,

Millinery and Straw Goods.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

BONNETS, TRIMMINGS & VELVET RIBBONS,

BONNET SILKS, SATINS & VELVETS,

Blonde, Nette, Crapes, Laches, Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments,

STRAW BONNETS AND LADIES' HATS,

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED,

SHAKER HOODS, &c.

237 and 239 Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE, Md.

OFFER the largest Stock to be found in this Country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties.

Orders solicited, and prompt attention given.

March 13—2w

For Rent.

THE Residence of the late Dr. W. W. Gray situated in the Eastern part of Raleigh. Two acres of land attached, with fine GARDENS. Terms moderate. Apply to

March 11—tf P. F. PESCUD.

EDUCATIONAL.

Kittrell's Springs Female College,

GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION of this Institution will open the second Wednesday in February, 1868. The location is unsurpassed for health and accessibility.

During the past session, in a family of nearly two hundred, there has scarcely been a case of sickness. The health of many invalid young ladies has been thoroughly restored by the celebrated mineral water found here, and they have prosecuted their studies with entire success.

We are immediately on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, within less than a half mile of Kittrell's Depot, and in telegraphic communication with all parts of the country.

Every facility is afforded for the most thorough and extensive education.

The Faculty is composed of five male Professors and seven lady Teachers.

Everything is new. Our musical instruments, including Piano Organ, Harp and Guitar, are of the finest quality.

Special attention paid to thoroughness in the English Course.

TERMS MODERATE and ACCOMMODATING.

The young ladies all worship in the College Chapel, and hence no extra clothing is required. Millinery is in no demand at Kittrell's. Parents tell us that their daughters read them less here, in this respect, than even at home. Taking into consideration the items of dress and medical attendance, there is no cheaper school in the south. Besides, we are determined to accommodate our patrons as far as we can as to time of payment, and to put female education within the reach of the people in the present depressed condition of the country. OUR DAUGHTERS MUST BE EDUCATED.

For Catalogue, apply to

Rev. C. B. RIDDICK, President.

Dec. 14—110-3m Kittrell's Springs, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED

By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, among many hundreds of our best citizens, testify to its wonderful efficacy.

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and reliable Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. SMITH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.
R. G. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
C. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING, M. D.,
E. WOODARD, M. D.
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE, $1,50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

DR. J. J. Lawrence,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,

29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.

Jan 31-148-1y

WESTBROOK & CO.

PROPRIETORS OF THE

WESTBROOK NURSERIES,

GREENSBORO, N. C.

KEEP constantly on hand, during the planting season, a splendid lot of

CHOICE FRIUT TREES AND GRAPE VINES

which they offer very low, for cash, or good produce.

NURSERY STORE, on Washington Street, where patrons will receive prompt attention, until the 1st of April.

Send stamp for Catalogue, and Wholesale Price List of Grape Vines.

Address,

WESTBROOK & CO.

Box 66, Greensboro, N. C,

Jan 27-146-3m

GEO. L. TONNOFF'SKI,

Grocer & Commission Merchant,

No. 31, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

(NEAR TUCKER HALL.)

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of choice

Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Liberal advances given. Commission as light.

Jan 29-148-tf

ALE! ALE!!—10 KEGS "COCKADE CITY" received this morning. A supply always on hand.

W. H. JONES & CO.

Jan 25-145-tf

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER,

General Agent,

Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 31—72-tf

PHŒNIX MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:—

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone, and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $300,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a safe business.
8. It WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the case of the insured, while sole, in case of death, is NEVER demanded from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

Phœnix Mutual	$1 74
Ætna	1 31
Brooklyn	1 12
Connecticut Mutual	1 65
Equitable	1 34
Manhattan	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,

General Agent for North Carolina,

Jan. 1—124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS.

LIFE AND ENDOWMENT.

DIVIDEND PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished in detail, by

A. W. LAWRENCE,

General Agent for the State of North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 23—116-3m

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS, ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

OFFICERS.

PRESIDENT,

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VICE PRESIDENT. SECRETARY.

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R. H. Dibrell,	George L. Bidgood,
William H. Palmer,	Samuel M. Price.

LEWIS C. HANES, AGT.

Jan 28-148-tf LEXINGTON, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

H. G. LEWIS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

RALEIGH, N. C.

Practices in Federal Courts, all the State Courts, and Courts of Bankruptcy.

In response to all calls for collection of claims in any portion of this State.

Refers to the Bank Officers, and principal business men of this State.

Jan. 10—136-3m

DANIEL G. FOWLE. RICHARD C. BADGER.

FOWLE & BADGER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Will practice in the Supreme Court of North Carolina, the United States Circuit Court, the Superior Courts of Wake, Johnston, and Chatham Counties, and in the Courts of Bankruptcy.

Dec. 19—171-3m

WALTER CLARK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.

Jan 29-148-6m

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d Congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

July 22 29-tf

Snuff, Snuff.

A LARGE supply, in large and small tin Jars. Also, in paper and bottles, at manufacturer's prices.

Feb 13-159-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Choice Maryland Hams!

SOMETHING NICE—to-day receiving by

Jan 28-148-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

WANTED

By a North Carolinian, who has recently graduated in Medicine, at Philadelphia, a location, either with an old Physician, who wishes to retire from the practice, or he will practice alone.

Apply to

Mar 17—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND

BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO

THE LEVEL COUNTRY

LEAVE SHIPPERS, ESPECIALLY

SAY VIA R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and put the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the ten Thousand Shippers North and South (Cotton) will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road, thereby saving the people from Taxation for [illegible] per annum, and we claim that we can and will give more than all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

ROUTE,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required so to direct your Freights, or they will be taken by another Route!

To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miners' Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach st., Office 197, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annemessic;) Pier 1, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Bound Packet Co.; Bay Line Steamers, Food Union Dock, C. H. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 80 La Barnes Wharf.

E. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Raleigh N. C

Aug 6-105-tf

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO.,

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 15th, 1867.

On and after Tuesday 15th, 1867, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	10 30 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	5 17 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10 55 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	5 45 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	7 00 A. M.
" arrives at Raleigh	5 30 P. M.

The Mail Trains make connection with all points North.

A. B. ANDREWS,
Supt of Trans.

Oct. 15—tf

☞ Register and Standard copy.

HARDWARE &C.

BRIGGS & DODD,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

CARRIAGE MATERIAL,

PAINTS, VARNISHES,

COLORS, OILS,

GLUE AND GLASS

ALSO

Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,

Bolting Cloth,

India Rubber and Leather Belting,

Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs,

Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ Two doors above Southern Express Office.

Nov. 1—79-tf

OILS, LEAD, &c., &c.

NOW IN STORE A FINE STOCK OF Linseed, Cotton-seed, Kerosene, Lubricating and Train Oils, of the best quality.

ALSO WHITE LEAD,

Colors of all kinds and Varnishes.

A general assortment of HARDWARE.

BRIGGS & DODD.

Jan 23-139-tf

TRADE FOR 1868.

No. 44 Fayetteville Street.

WE HAVE, ON HAND, A COMMANDING stock of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,

TIN WARE, LAMPS,

CHIMNEYS AND WICKS,

BEST KEROSENE OIL,

SPIRITS TURPENTINE,

Which will be sold low for cash.

Jan. 16 land,—Sun and Comet Barriers and Chimneys. J. BROWN

Raleigh, Jan. 4—tf With Hart & Lewis.

REDWOODS, of Baltimore. | R. S. COTTEN, Late of N. C. | WALTER GWYNN, Late of S. Carolina.

GWYNN, COTTEN & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

General Commission Merchants,

105 *West Lombard Street*,

BALTIMORE.

☞ Liberal advances made on Consignments. Orders for Guano, &c., promptly executed. Refer to Gen. Walter Gwynn, and Hon. Thos. Ruffin, N. C.

sept. 20—45-eoddm1yr

N. C. Bacon.

HAMS AND SIDES.

W. H. JONES & CO.

Auctioneers & Com. Merchants.

Feb 23-156-tf

1868. Hardware Trade. 1868.

ON HAND.

FINE TABLE CUTLERY, Silver Plated Table and Spoons, Silver Plated Castors, Steels and Refined Iron, Cast and Blister Steel, Garden Tools

ALSO

Cut and Finishing Nails, Cooking Stoves, furnished complete, Hollow ware, Sad Irons, Hoe Lasts and Pegs.

J. BROWN

Raleigh, Feb. 27—tf With Hart & Lewis.

MONEY LOANED

At reasonable rates on N. C. bonds, at the Banking House of

HENRY G. KELLOG,

Mar 17—1w Cashier N. C. R. R. Co.

For Sale,

FINE Nutmegs, Ground Black Pepper, and the best Mustard.

March 16—tf W. H. JONES & CO., Auction & Com. Merchants.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The Sentinel is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months,	$1,00
Six months,	1,50
One year,	3 /
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year,	4,00
" " six months,	2,00
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2,00
" " six months,	1,0

THE SENTINEL.

WM. B. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1868

Conservative State Executive Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR.

HON. THOS. S. ASHE,

OF ANSON.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,

COL. EDWARD D. HALL,

OF NEW HANOVER.

THOUGHTS FOR THE PEOPLE.

NO. 2.

TAXATION! TAXATION!! UNDER THE NEW CONSTITUTION!!!

To the People of North Carolina:

The poverty of our people is in every one's mouth. The statements of our poverty have not been exaggerated. No question, therefore, is more important to us, than that of *taxation*. In our condition it is one of the highest interest.

We therefore desire that when the people vote on the new Constitution, they may understand what burdens they are assuming. We have therefore made a careful estimate of the money necessary to be raised within the next twelve months, if the Constitution goes into operation. The estimate cannot be disputed, being calculated from official data.

1. *Interest on the public debt.*

The new Declaration of Rights declares "that the public debt regularly contracted before and since the rebellion shall be inviolate." In article v, sec. 4, it is provided that "the General Assembly shall by appropriate legislation and *by adequate taxation* provide for the prompt and regular payment of the interest on the public debt, and after 1880 it shall levy a specific annual tax upon the real and personal property of the State, and the sum thus realized shall be set apart as a sinking fund to be devoted to the payment of the public debt."

It thus appears that if the people ratify the Constitution, they expressly command the General Assembly to commence promptly the payment of the interest on the public debt BY TAXATION.

The Convention was not satisfied with this Constitutional provision. They framed an ordinance directing *how* the interest shall be paid. It is provided that the *first General Assembly* under the Constitution shall pay in cash, on the 1st. of Jan., 1869, the interest on the bonds, dated before May 20th., 1861.

2nd. All interest due before the 1st. of Jan. 1869, and interest on bonds dated since the war and before the 1st. of July, 1869, shall be funded into new bonds, and

3rd. The interest on *all the debt* due 1st. of July, 1869, must be paid in cash.

It must be noticed here that internal improvement bonds issued during the war, although under acts passed before the war, and used for building our Railroads, not for war purposes, amounting to $1,053,000, are totally ignored by this ordinance. This is peculiarly unfortunate, as they are the only State bonds held by our own citizens, while forty-nine dollars out of every fifty raised by the ordinance will go out of the State. Many other bonds and notes issued during the war, *not for war purposes*, are ignored, the ordinance only providing for bonds dated before the war and since the war.

We have carefully calculated the interest to be paid in cash on and before 1st July, 1869.

The debt dated before May 20th., 1861, is $8,906,500. On this there must be paid 1st. of January, 1869, in cash, $367,000.

The debt dated since the war is $5,011,500. The Convention authorized $3,050,000 more, in all $8,061,500. To this add interest fundable into new bonds, under the ordinance, as follows:

Interest authorized to be funded under the act of March 10, 1866, not yet presented, (estimated,)	$360,000
Interest on bonds dated before the war, accruing since 1866,	1,068,500
Interest on bonds dated since the war,	940,500
	2,369,000
Add new bonds,	8,061,000
	10,570,000
Add bonds dated before the war,	8,906,500
Total on which interest is to be paid July 1st, 1869,	$19,476,500

or one million one hundred and sixty eight thousand dollars annually! Of this $584,000 is to be paid 1st, July, 1869, in addition to the $367,000, payable 1st. of January next.

In other words, the people must raise, by taxation, to pay interest on the public debt, out of their next crop, $851,000!!

In the above estimate we include the $1,000,000 guarantied by the Convention for the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad Company, as that Company is not able, and has not been since the war, to pay the interest on its debt.

The tax levied under the Revenue act of February 26, 1867, yields about $260,000, so that for the item of interest only more than three times the present tax must be added to the levies,—that is, where a man paid $1 last year, he must pay $4 this year. This is on the supposition that the expenses of the proposed State government will not be greater than heretofore. This is far from being the case. A little consideration will show that the expenses of administering the government under the new Constitution will be beyond measure greater than has ever been known in North Carolina.—Prudent men will stand aghast at the result. It will be seen that where a tax payer paid $1 last year, he will have to pay at least $8.

Taxes to pay the expenses of the Convention.

The expenses, we learn from the Public Treasurer, already paid, are $77,165. The charges for printing the Constitution, and other printing charges, are not yet presented. The sum total will be more than $80,000. To meet this, the Convention has levied a special tax of five cents on the $100 value of land (on the valuation of 1860) and on all the personal property in the State. This taxes everything,—stock, farming utensils, provisions, &c., &c., down to milch cows, and chickens, and babies' cradles.

1. *Expenses of General Assembly.*

The General Assembly must meet within 15 days after the acceptance of the Constitution by Congress. They will, of course, vote themselves $3 per day, one-third more than has been usual heretofore. The Assembly of 1866 '7 cost $58,000.

As the Convention with 120 members cost $80,000, each member costing on an average $666, the General Assembly, with 170 members, if they sit no longer, will cost $107,000. They will sit much longer, as they will have much more business to do. The new Constitution totally changes our laws and will call for a great deal of unusual legislation.

2. *Salaries of new officers.*

More offices have been created than heretofore. For example:

1 Lieut. Governor.
1 Superintendent of Public Works.
1 Superintendent of Public Instruction.
1 Attorney General.
2 Supreme Court Judges.
4 Superior Court Judges.
3 Commissioners to revise the laws.
Boards of Public Charities, enjoined by Article 11, Sec. 7, at least 3 we presume.

We count the Attorney General as a *new officer*, because he will be a salaried officer, his duties are to be different from what they are now, and there is to be a Solicitor to ride the Raleigh Judicial Circuit. The Attorney General is to be merely an advisory officer. The Superintendent of Public Instruction is counted, because his salary is to be paid by the State, not as heretofore by the Literary Board. Without counting 4 new Solicitors and other minor officers, here are 16 important offices, whose salaries will not be less than $35,000, in addition to those heretofore in use.

Besides, from the example set by the Convention in having useless officers in their pay, such as Sergeant-at-arms and Reporter, and from their liberality with the public moneys to themselves and others, it seems clear that all salaries will be on a larger scale than heretofore—it is safe to lay at least one-third more.

3. *Penitentiary.*

The General Assembly is required to build a Penitentiary. This will cost at least $250,000. Not less than $50,000 will be spent the first year. Probably a Superintendent with a salary will be appointed.

4. *Schools.*

It is enjoined on the General Assembly, at their first session, to provide, *by taxation*, and otherwise, for a general and uniform system of Public Schools, wherein tuition shall be free of charge to all the children, (of all colors,) of the State, between the ages of 6 and 21.

There are about 200,000 children in the State, white and colored, between the aforesaid ages. It is impossible that the tax for this purpose can be less than $500,000. For white children only, before the war, the Literary Board distributed $175,000, the counties raising the same amount,—in all $350,000.

5. *University.*

It is enjoined on the General Assembly, to provide that the benefits of the University be extended to the youth of the State, (of all colors,) free of charge. Of course this will require an appropriation. Certainly $25,000 is a moderate sum for the purpose.

6. *Insane, Blind, Deaf and Dumb.*

The General Assembly is required to provide that all *insane, deaf, dumb and blind*, shall be supported by the State. Heretofore the State only supported the white poor of these afflicted classes. This provision throws on the State the support of the rich as well as the poor, colored as well as white, which will cost at least $50,000 more, and the estimate is very small.

7. *Militia.*

Sec. 2, Art. xii, declares that "the General Assembly shall provide for the organization, arming, equipping and disciplining the Militia, and for paying the same when called into actual service.

Ex-Provisional Governor Holden, in a late editorial in the *Standard*, said "that when the blue coats shall be withdrawn from the State, the State militia, organized on a *loyal* basis: i. e. black and white, will take their place." He has often praised the policy of Gov. Brownlow, of Tennessee, whose militia cost last year about $300,000. The *Standard*, of March 19th., says, "we must sit at the feet of Brownlow, as Paul sat at the feet of Gamaliel." If Holden be elected, of course he will carry out the same policy and we cannot expect our State to pay less than Tennessee. We set down not less than $300,000 for the militia, white and colored.

To recapitulate: Increases of expenses of the proposed State government over former years:

1. General Assembly, at least	$50,000
2. New offices and increase of Salaries,	60,000
3. Penitentiary,	50,000
4. Common Schools,	500,000
5. University,	25,000
6. Asylums,	50,000
7. Militia,	300,000
	$985,000

Now add the interest on the public debt, and we have a grand total of $1,836,000 more than has heretofore been required to support the State Government.

As said before, where a tax payer was taxed $1 last year, he will, under the proposed Constitution, pay $8. To this must be added all county and city taxes.

County Taxes.

The county taxes aggregated about $600,000. We have no data for estimating the city taxes. The State and county taxes, under the new Constitution, to be raised out of the people next winter, must exceed $2,600,000

Rate of Taxation.

If it were possible to raise the rates on all subjects of taxation eight times the present rates, then land would pay for State purposes, on the valuation of 1860, eighty cents on the $100. On the valuation of 1868, it would be probably $1.60 on the $100. But if the rates are made eight times higher than now, many subjects of taxation will be destroyed. Under the new Constitution, the poll tax cannot be higher than $2. Hence, as the rates cannot be raised on other subjects, the deficiency must be assessed on land. The land tax will necessarily be ten or twelve times higher than at present.

Of course such taxation is confiscation. Nearly all the land in the State would be exposed to sale and bid in by the State or by those fortunate enough to have money, generally Northern speculators. And here we call the attention of our readers particularly to an important piece of information. The Homestead granted by Sec. 2. Art. x., *can be sold for taxes*, as is expressly therein declared. Under this Constitution nearly every acre of land in the State, Homestead and all, will speedily pass into the hands of capitalists and strangers.

A Homestead under this Constitution is a delusion and a mockery. Of what use is a Homestead, when taxed more than its owner can pay?

The whole plan seems to be a cunningly devised scheme to rob our people of their lands. And it must always be remembered that whoever votes for the Constitution votes to ratify this enormous tax heretofore estimated, and VOTES, ALSO, TO SACRIFICE THE HOMESTEAD, hypocritically provided for in this Constitution.

We have thus made plain, and within the comprehension of all, the enormous cost of the new government proposed to be inaugurated by this new Constitution. We have, in several particulars, under-estimated, rather than over-estimated, the taxation for the present and successive years, if the new Constitution is ratified. We defy contradiction of the foregoing facts.

Fellow-citizens of North Carolina! In your impoverished condition, can you bear such a load of taxation? Will it not crush out all your enterprise, your vitality? If, then, you wish not to have all your real property put under the Sheriff's hammer and sold for taxes, if you would not have your Homesteads sold for taxes and your wives and children turned out to beg and die, and your once pleasant homes pass into the hands of strangers and State land holders, rally, rally to the polls, at the approaching election, and vote down the Constitution!

You desire restoration to the government. You desire to see the Union restored and harmony among all our people, but, in the means and plan of restoration proposed, you can see nothing but beggary, and ruin, and degradation!

THE HENDERSON CONVENTION.

The Convention of delegates from the Counties comprising this Congressional District, at Henderson, on Tuesday, was of the most enthusiastic and encouraging character. The utmost harmony and the finest spirit prevailed,—the sure harbingers of success.

The speech of that pure patriot and accomplished gentleman, Wm. Eaton, Jr., Esq., on taking the chair, was one of the most chaste, earnest and impressive addresses, which it has ever been our good fortune to hear. We took notes of Mr. E's. speech, but regret that the pressure upon our columns prevents an elaborate report of it. He contrasted, in terms of searching satire, the recent Mongrel Convention, with those which have hitherto assembled in North Carolina, and dissected its nefarious work, in all its hideous parts, with the hand of a master. All who know Mr. Eaton, Know his devotion to the time-honored institutions of his native State, and can, therefore, imagine his indignant denunciation of the Yankee and hybrid innovations which are sought to be ingrafted upon them, especially upon our Judicial system. His tribute to the former Judiciary of the State,—on the Supreme and Superior Court Bench,—was one of the most eloquent and impassioned utterances which we have ever heard, and made a profound impression upon his delighted auditors. We rejoice that Mr. Eaton has put on the "harness," and we trust that his voice may be heard in many counties between this and the 20th. of April.

The speech of Col. W. A. Jenkins, of Warren, was effective, eloquent, exhilarating. He took up the Radical nominees, one by one, and treated them to an application of *aqua fortis*, well rubbed in. His successive onslaughts were greeted with shouts by the multitude, who seemed to be carried away by his withering denunciation of the *scalawags*. Col. Jenkins is one of the finest popular speakers in the State, and he is in for the war against the destructives. Wherever he goes, it will tell. If we may judge by the ejaculations of many of the negroes in the audience, when he was pouring his hot shot into Holden, they had as little use for him as the white men who were present.

Mr. Williams, the nominee for Congress, is a gentleman of fine capacity and much promise. He writes well, speaks well, and will at once enter upon a vigorous and thorough canvass. The people in all parts of the District will hear from him in the most satisfactory manner. We hope, in a day or two, to be able to publish a list of his appointments.

The selection of delegates to the National Convention is very excellent, and will please our friends throughout the District.

THE VOTE upon the new Constitution will be taken the 21st., 22nd. and 23d. of April. Be sure and VOTE AGAINST IT.

THE PROPOSED RADICAL CONSTITUTION FOR NORTH CAROLINA.

[CONCLUDED.]

ARTICLE. IV

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Section 1. The distinction between actions at law and suits in equity, and the forms of all such actions and suits, shall be abolished; and there shall be in this State but one form of action, for the enforcement or protection of private rights or the redress of private wrongs, which shall be denominated a civil action; and every action prosecuted by the people of the State as a party, against a person charged with a public offence, for the punishment of the same, shall be termed a criminal action. Feigned issues shall also be abolished, and the fact at issue tried by order of court before a jury.

Sec. 2. Three Commissioners shall be appointed by this Convention to report to the General Assembly, at its first session after this Constitution shall be adopted by the people, rules of practice and procedure in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing section, and the Convention shall provide for the Commissioners a reasonable compensation.

Sec. 3. The same Commissioners shall also report to the General Assembly, as soon as practicable, a code of law for North Carolina. The Governor shall have power to fill the vacancies occurring in this Commission.

Sec 4. The judicial power of the State shall be vested in a court for the trial of impeachments, a Supreme court, Superior courts, courts of Justices of the peace and special Courts.

Sec 5. The court for the trial of impeachments shall be the Senate; a majority of the members shall be necessary to a quorum, and the judgment shall not extend beyond removal from and disqualification to hold office in this State, but the party shall be liable to indictment and punishment according to law.

Sec. 6. The House of Representatives solely shall have the power of impeaching. No person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the Senators present. When the Governor is impeached the Chief Justice shall preside.

Sec. 7. Treason against the State shall consist only in levying war against it or adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court. No conviction of treason or attainder shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture.

Sec 8. The Supreme Court shall consist of a Chief Justice and four Associate Justices.

Sec. 9. There shall be two terms of the Supreme Court held at the seat of government of the State in each year, commencing on the first Monday in January, and first Monday in June, and continuing as long as the public interest may require.

Sec 10. The Supreme Court shall have jurisdiction to review, upon appeal, any decision of the courts below, upon any matter of law or legal inference; but no issue of fact shall be tried before this court; and the court shall have power to issue any remedial writ necessary, to give it a general supervision and control of the interior courts.

Sec 11 The Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction to hear claims against the State, but its decisions shall be merely recommendatory: no process in the nature of execution shall issue thereon; they shall be reported to the next session of the General Assembly for its action

Sec 12 The State shall be divided into twelve judicial districts for each of which a judge shall be chosen, who shall hold a superior court in each county in said district, at least twice in each year, to continue for two weeks, unless the business shall be sooner disposed of.

Sec 13. Until altered by law the following shall be the judicial districts:

First District.—Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Chowan, Gates, Hertford, Bertie.

Second District.—Tyrrell, Hyde, Washington, Beaufort, Martin, Pitt, Edgecombe.

Third District.—Craven, Carteret, Jones, Onslow, Greene, Lenoir, Wayne, Wilson.

Fourth District.—Brunswick, New Hanover, Duplin, Columbus, Bladen, Sampson, Robeson.

Fifth District.—Cumberland, Harnett, Moore, Richmond, Anson, Montgomery, Stanly, Union.

Sixth District.—Northampton, Warren, Halifax Wake, Nash, Franklin, Johnston, Granville.

Seventh District.—Person, Orange, Chatham, Randolph, Guilford, Alamance, Caswell, Rockingham.

Eighth District.—Stokes, Forsythe Davidson, Rowan, Davie, Yadkin, Surry.

Ninth District.—Catawba, Cabarrus, Mecklenburg, Lincoln, Gaston, Cleveland, Rutherford, Polk.

Tenth District.—Iredell, Burke, Caldwell, Wilkes, Alexander, McDowell.

Eleventh District.—Alleghany, Ashe, Watauga, Mitchell, Yancey, Madison, Buncombe.

Twelfth District.—Henderson, Transylvania, Haywood, Macon, Jackson, Clay, Cherokee.

Sec. 14. Every judge of a Superior Court shall reside in his District while holding his office.

The judges may exchange districts with each other with the consent of the Governor, and the Governor for good reasons, which he shall report to the Legislature at its current or next session, may require any judge to hold one or more specified terms of said courts in lieu of the judge in whose district they are.

Sec. 15. The Superior Courts shall have exclusive original jurisdiction of all civil actions, whereof exclusive original jurisdiction is not given to some other Courts, and of all criminal actions in which the punishment may exceed a fine of fifty dollars or imprisonment for one month.

Sec 16. The Superior Courts shall have appellate jurisdiction of all issues of law or fact determined by a Probate Judge or a Justice of the Peace, where the matter in controversy exceeds twenty five dollars, and of matters of law in all cases.

Sec. 17. The Clerks of the Superior Courts shall have jurisdiction of the probate of deeds, the granting of letters testamentary and of administration, the appointment of guardians, the apprenticing of orphans, to audit the accounts of executors, administrators and guardians, and of such other matters as shall be prescribed by law. All issues of fact joined before them shall be transferred to the Superior Courts for trial, and appeals shall lie to the Superior Courts from their judgments in all matters of law.

Sec 18 In all issues of fact joined in any court, the parties may waive the right to have the same determined by jury, in which case the finding of the Judge, upon the facts, shall have the force and effect of a verdict of a jury.

Sec. 19. The General Assembly shall provide for the establishment of Special Courts, for the trial of misdemeanors, in cities and towns where the same may be necessary.

Sec. 20. The Clerk of the Supreme Court shall be appointed by the Court and shall hold his office for eight years.

Sec 21. A Clerk of the Superior Court for each County shall be elected by the qualified voters thereof, at the time and in the manner prescribed by law, for the election of members of the General Assembly.

Sec. 22. Clerks of the Superior Courts shall hold their offices for four years.

Sec. 23. The General Assembly shall prescribe and regulate the fees, salaries, and emoluments of all officers provided for in this Article; but the salaries of the Judges shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

Sec. 24. The laws of North Carolina not repugnant to this Constitution, or to the Constitution and laws of the United States, shall be in force until lawfully altered.

Sec. 25. Actions at law and suits in equity pending when this Constitution shall go into effect shall be transferred to the Courts having jurisdiction thereof, without prejudice by reason of the change, and all such actions and suits commenced before, and pending at the adoption by the General Assembly of the rules of practice and procedure herein provided for, shall be heard and determined according to the practice now in use, unless otherwise provided for by said rules.

Sec. 26 The Justices of the Supreme Court shall be elected by the qualified voters of the State as is provided for the election of members of the General Assembly. They shall hold their offices for eight years The Judges of the Superior Courts shall be elected in like manner, and shall hold their offices for eight years; but the Judges of the Superior Courts elected at the first election under this Constitution shall, after their election, under the superintendence of the justices of the Supreme Court, be divided by lot into two equal classes, one of which shall hold office for four years, the other for eight years.

Sec. 27. The General Assembly may provide by law that the Judges of the Superior Courts, instead of being elected by the voters of the whole State, as is herein provided for, shall be elected by the voters of their respective districts

Sec. 28. The Superior Courts shall be, at all times, open for the transaction of all business within their jurisdiction, except the trial of issues of fact requiring a jury.

Sec. 29 A solicitor shall be elected for each judicial district by the qualified voters thereof, as is prescribed for members of the General Assembly, who shall hold office for the term of four years, and prosecute on behalf of the State, in all criminal actions in the Superior Courts, and advise the officers of justice in his district.

Sec 30. In each county a Sheriff and Coroner shall be elected by the qualified voters thereof, as is prescribed for members of the General Assembly, and shall hold their offices for two years.—In each township there shall be a Constable, elected in like manner by the voters thereof, who shall hold his office for two years. When there is no coroner in the county, the Clerk of the Superior Court of the county may appoint one for special cases. In case of a vacancy existing for any cause, in any of the offices created by this section, the Commissioners for the county may appoint to such office for the unexpired term.

Sec. 31. All vacancies occurring in the offices provided for by this Article of the Constitution shall be filled by the appointment of the Governor, unless otherwise provided for, and the appointees shall hold their places until the next regular election.

Sec. 32. The officers elected at the first election held under the Constitution shall hold their offices for the terms prescribed for them respectively, next ensuing after the next regular election for members of the General Assembly. But their terms shall begin upon the approval of this Constitution by the Congress of the United States.

Sec. 33 The several Justices of the Peace shall have exclusive original jurisdiction under such regulations as the General Assembly shall prescribe, of all civil actions founded on contract, wherein the sum demanded shall not exceed two hundred dollars, and wherein the title to real estate shall not be in controversy, and of all criminal matters arising within their counties where the punishments cannot exceed a fine of fifty dollars, or imprisonment for one month.—When an issue of fact shall be joined before a justice, on demand of either party thereto, he should cause a jury of six men to be summoned, who shall try the same. The party against whom judgment shall be rendered in any civil action, may appeal to the Superior Court from the same, and if the judgment shall exceed twenty five dollars, there may be a new trial of the whole matter in the appellate court, but if the judgment shall be for twenty-five dollars or less, then the case shall be heard in the appellate Court only upon matters of law. In all cases of a criminal nature the party against whom judgment is given may appeal to the Superior Court, where the matter shall be heard anew. In all cases brought before a justice he shall make a record of the proceedings and file the same with the Clerk of the Superior Court of his county.

Sec 34. When the office of Justice of the Peace shall become vacant, otherwise than by the expiration of the time, and in case of a failure by the voters of any district to elect, the clerk of the Superior Court for the county shall appoint to fill the vacancy for the unexpired term.

Sec. 35. In case the office of Clerk of a Superior Court for a county shall become vacant, otherwise than by the expiration of the term, and in case of a failure by the people to elect, the Judge of the Superior Court for the county shall appoint to fill the vacancy until an election can be regularly held.

ARTICLE V.

REVENUE AND TAXATION.

Section 1. The General Assembly shall levy a capitation tax on every male inhabitant of the State over twenty-one and under fifty years of age, which shall be equal on each to the tax on property valued at three hundred dollars in cash. The commissioners of the several counties may exempt from a capitation tax, in special cases, on account of poverty and infirmity and the State and county capitation tax combined shall never exceed two dollars on the head.

Sec. 2. The proceeds of the State and county capitation tax shall be applied to the purposes of education and the support of the poor, but in no one year shall more than twenty-five per cent. thereof be appropriated to the latter purpose.

Sec. 3. Laws shall be passed, taxing, by a uniform rule, all moties, credits, investments in bonds, stocks, joint stock companies or otherwise; and, also, all real and personal property, according to its true value in money. The General Assembly may also tax trades, professions, franchises, and incomes. *Provided*, That no income shall be taxed when the property from which the income is derived, is taxed.

Sec. 4. The General Assembly shall, by appropriate legislation and by adequate taxation, provide for the prompt and regular payment of the interest on the public debt, and after the year 1880, it shall lay a special annual tax upon the real and personal property of the State, and the sum thus realized shall be set apart as a sinking fund to be devoted to the payment of the public debt.

Sec. 5. Until the bonds of the State shall be at par, the General Assembly shall have no power to contract any new debt or pecuniary obligation in behalf of the State, except to supply a casual deficit, or for suppressing invasion or insurrection, unless it shall, in the same bill, levy a special tax to pay the interest annually. And the General Assembly shall have no power to give or lend the credit of the State in aid of any person, association or corporation except to aid in the completion of such railroads as may be unfinished at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, or in which the State has a direct pecuniary interest, unless the subject be submitted to a direct vote of the people of the State, and be approved by a majority of those who shall vote thereon.

Sec. 6. Property belonging to the State, or to municipal corporations, shall be exempt from taxation. The General Assembly may exempt cemeteries, and property held for educational, scientific, literary, charitable, or religious purposes; also, wearing apparel, arms for muster, household and kitchen furniture, the mechanical and agricultural implements of mechanics and farmers, libraries and scientific instruments, to a value not exceeding three hundred dollars.

Sec. 7. The taxes levied by the commissioners of the several counties, for county purposes, shall be levied in like manner with the State taxes and shall never exceed the double of the State tax, except for special purposes, and with the special approval of the General Assembly.

Sec. 8. Every act of the General Assembly, levying a tax, shall state the special object to which it is to be applied, and it shall be applied to no other purpose.

ARTICLE VI.

SUFFRAGE AND ELIGIBILITY TO OFFICE.

Section 1. Every male person born in the United States, and every male person who has been naturalized, twenty-one years old or upward, who shall have resided in this State twelve months next preceding the election, and thirty days in the county in which he offers to vote, shall be deemed an elector.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the General Assembly to provide, from time to time, for the registration of all electors, and no person shall be allowed to vote without registration, or to register, without first taking an oath or affirmation to support and maintain the Constitution and laws of the United States and the Constitution and laws of North Carolina, not inconsistent therewith.

Sec. 3. All elections by the people shall be by ballot, and all elections by the General Assembly shall be viva voce.

Sec. 4. Every voter, except as hereinafter provided, shall be eligible to office, but before entering upon the discharge of the duties of his office, he shall take and subscribe the following oath: "I ——, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and maintain the Constitution and laws of the United States and the Constitution and laws of North Carolina not inconsistent therewith, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of my office. So help me God."

Sec. 5. The following classes of persons shall be disqualified from office: First, all persons who shall deny the being of Almighty God. Second. All persons who shall have been convicted of treason, perjury, or of any other infamous crime, since becoming citizens of the United States, or of corruption or mal-practice in office, unless such persons shall have been legally restored to the rights of citizenship.

ARTICLE VII.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

Section 1. In each county there shall be elected, biennially, by the qualified voters thereof, as provided for the election of members of the General Assembly, the following officers: A Treasurer, Register of Deeds, Surveyor and Five Commissioners.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the Commissioners to exercise a general supervision and control of the penal and charitable institutions, Schools, Roads, Bridges, levying of taxes and finances of the county, as may be prescribed by law. The Register of Deeds shall be, *ex officio*, Clerk of the Board of Commissioners.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the Commissioners, first elected in each county, to divide the same into convenient districts, to determine the boundaries and prescribe the names of the said districts, and to report the same to the General Assembly before the first day of January, 1869.

Sec. 4. Upon the approval of the reports provided for in the foregoing section, by the General Assembly, the said districts shall have corporate powers for the necessary purposes of local government, and shall be known as townships.

Sec. 5. In each township there shall be biennially elected, by the qualified voters thereof, a Clerk and two Justices of the Peace, who shall constitute a board of trustees, and shall, under the supervision of the county Commissioners have control of the taxes and finances, roads and bridges of the Township as may be prescribed by law. The General Assembly may provide for the election of a larger number of Justices of the Peace in cities and towns and in those Townships in which cities and towns are situated. In every Township there shall also be biennially elected a School Committee, consisting of three persons whose duties shall be prescribed by law.

Sec. 6. The township Board of Trustees shall assess the taxable property of their townships and make return to the County Commissioners, for revision as may be prescribed by law. The Clerk shall also be *ex officio* Treasurer of the township.

Sec. 7. No county, city, town, or other municipal corporation shall contract any debt, pledge its faith, or loan its credit, nor shall any tax be levied or collected by any officers of the same, except for the necessary expenses thereof, unless by a vote of a majority of the qualified voters therein.

Sec. 8. No money shall be drawn from any county or township Treasurer, except by authority of law.

Sec. 9. All taxes levied by any county, city, town or township, shall be uniform, and *ad valorem*, upon all property in the same, except property exempted by this Constitution.

Sec. 10. The county officers first elected under the provisions of this article shall enter upon their duties ten days after the approval of this Constitution by the Congress of the United States.

Sec. 11. The Governor shall appoint a sufficient number of Justices of the Peace in each county, who shall hold their places until sections four, five and six of this Article shall have been carried into effect.

Sec. 12. All Charters, ordinances and provisions relating to municipal corporations shall remain in force until legally changed, unless inconsistent with the provisions of this Constitution.

Sec. 13. No County, City, Town or other municipal corporation, shall assume or pay, or shall any tax be levied, or collected for the payment of any debt, or the interest of any debt, contracted, directly or indirectly, in aid or support of the rebellion.

ARTICLE VIII.

CORPORATIONS OTHER THAN MUNICIPAL.

Section 1. Corporations may be formed under general laws, but shall not be created by special act, except for municipal purposes and in cases where, in the judgment of the Legislature, the objects of the corporations cannot be attained under general laws All general laws and special acts passed, pursuant to this section, may be altered, from time to time, or repealed.

Sec. 2. Dues from corporations shall be secured by such individual liabilities of the corporations and other means, as may be prescribed by law.

Sec. 3. The term corporation, as used in this Article, shall be construed to include all associations and joint stock companies, having any of the powers and privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships And all corporations shall have the right to sue, and shall be subject to be sued, in all courts, in like cases as natural persons.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the Legislature to provide for the organization of cities, towns and incorporated villages, and to restrict their power of taxation, assessments, borrowing money, contracting debt, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and contracting debts by each municipal corporation.

ARTICLE IX.

EDUCATION.

Section 1. Religion, morality and knowledge being necessary to good government and the happiness of mankind, schools and the means of education shall forever be encouraged.

Sec. 2. The General Assembly, at its first session under this Constitution, shall provide by taxation and otherwise for a general and uniform system of Public Schools, wherein tuition shall be free of charge to all the children of the State between the ages of six and twenty-one years.

Sec. 3. Each County of the State shall be divided into a convenient number of Districts, in which one or more Public schools shall be maintained, at least four months in every year; and if the Commissioners of any County shall fail to comply with the aforesaid requirements of this section, they shall be liable to indictment.

Sec. 4. The proceeds of all lands that may have been, or hereafter may be granted by the United States to this State and not otherwise specially appropriated by the United States or heretofore by this State; also, all monies, stocks, bonds, and other property now belonging to any fund for purposes of education. Also, the net proceeds that may accrue to the State from sales of estrays or from fines, penalties and forfeitures. Also, the proceeds of all sales of swamp lands belonging to the State. Also, all money that shall be paid as an equivalent for exemptions from military duty. Also, all grants, gifts and devises that may hereafter be made to this State, and not otherwise appropriated by the grant, gift or devise, shall be secured, invested and sacredly preserved as an irredeemable fund, the annual income of which, together with so much of the ordinary revenue of the State as may be necessary, shall be faithfully appropriated for establishing and perfecting education in this State, a system of Free Public Schools and for no other purposes or uses whatsoever

Sec. 5. The University of North Carolina, with its lands, emoluments and franchises, is under the control of the State, and shall be held to an inseparable connection with the Free Public School system of the State.

Sec. 6. The General Assembly shall provide that the benefits of the University, as far as practicable, be extended to the youth of the State free of expense for tuition; also, that all the property which has heretofore accrued to the State, or shall hereafter accrue from escheats, unclaimed dividends or distributive shares of the estates of deceased persons, shall be appropriated to the use of the University.

Sec. 7. The Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of state, Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Attorney General, shall constitute a State Board of Education.

Sec. 8. The Governor shall be President, and the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be Secretary of the Board of Education.

Sec. 9 The Board of Education shall succeed to all the powers and trusts of the President and Directors of the Literary Fund of North Carolina, and shall have full power to legislate and make all needful rules and regulations in relation to free Public Schools and the Educational fund of the State, but all acts, rules and regulations of the said Board may be altered, amended or repealed by the General Assembly, and when so altered, amended or repealed, they shall not be re-enacted by the Board.

Sec. 10. The first session of the Board of Education shall be held at the Capital of the State, within fifteen days after the organization of the State Government under this Constitution; the time of future meeting may be determined by the Board.

Sec. 11. A majority of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Sec. 12. The contingent expenses of the Board shall be provided for by the General Assembly.

Sec. 13. The Board of Education shall elect Trustees for the University as follows: One Trustee for each County in the State, whose term of office shall be eight years. The meeting of the Board shall be held within (10) days after their election and at this and every subsequent meeting, ten Trustees shall constitute a quorum.—The Trustees, at their first meeting, shall be divided, as equally as may be, into four classes.—The seats of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of two years; of the second class, at the expiration of four years; of the third class, at the expiration of six years; of the fourth class, at the expiration of eight years; so that one fourth may be chosen every second year.

Sec. 14. The Board of Education and the President of the University shall be *ex officio* members of the Board of Trustees of the University; and shall, with three other Trustees to be appointed by the Board of Trustees, constitute the Executive Committee of the Trustees of the University of North Carolina, and shall be clothed with the powers delegated to the Executive Committee under the existing organization of the Institution. The Governor shall be *ex officio* President of the Board of Trustees and Chairman of the Executive Committee of the University The Board of Education shall provide for the more perfect organization of the Board of Trustees.

Sec. 15. All the privileges, rights, franchises and endowments heretofore granted to, or conferred upon, the Board of Trustees of the University of North Carolina by the Charter of 1789, or by any subsequent legislation, are hereby vested in the Board of Trustees authorized by this Constitution, for the perpetual benefit of the University.

Sec. 16. As soon as practicable after the adoption of this Constitution the General Assembly shall establish and maintain, in connection with the University a Department of Agriculture, of Mechanics, of Mining and of Normal Instruction.

Sec. 17. The General Assembly is hereby empowered to enact that every child of sufficient mental and physical ability shall attend the Public Schools during the period between the ages of six and eighteen years, for a term of not less than sixteen months, unless educated by other means.

ARTICLE X.

HOMESTEADS AND EXEMPTIONS.

Sec. 1. The personal property of any resident of this State, to the value of five hundred dollars, to be selected by such resident, shall be and is hereby exempted from sale under execution, or other final process of any court, issued for the collection of any debt.

Sec. 2. Every Homestead and the dwelling and building used therewith not exceeding in value one thousand dollars to be selected by the owner thereof, or in lieu thereof, at the option of the owner, any lot in the city, town or village, with the dwelling and buildings used thereon, owned and occupied by any resident of this State and not exceeding the value of one thousand dollars, shall be exempted from sale under execution or other final process obtained on any debt. But no property shall be exempt from sale for the taxes, or for payment of obligations contracted for the purchase of said premises.

Sec. 3. The Homestead, after the death of the owner thereof, shall be exempt from the payment of any debt during the minority of his children or any one of them.

Sec. 4. The provisions of sections one and two of this article shall not be so construed as to prevent a laborer's lien for work done and performed for the person claiming such exemption, or a mechanic's lien for work done on the premises.

Sec. 5. If the owner of a Homestead die, leaving a widow but no children, the same shall be exempt from the debts of her husband, and the rents and profits thereof shall inure to her benefit during her widowhood, unless she be the owner of a Homestead in her own right.

Sec. 6. The real and personal property of any female in this State, acquired before marriage, and all property, real and personal, to which she may after marriage become in any manner entitled, shall be and remain the sole and separate estate and property of such female, and shall not be liable to any debts, obligations or engagements of her husband, and may be devised or bequeathed, and, with the written assent of her husband, conveyed by her as if she were unmarried.

Sec. 7. The husband may insure his own life for the sole use and benefit of his wife and children, and in case of the death of the husband the amount thus insured shall be paid over to the wife and children or the guardian, if under age, for her or their own use, free from all the claims of the representatives of the husband, or any of his creditors.

Sec. 8. Nothing contained in the foregoing section of this article shall operate to prevent the owner of a Homestead from disposing of the same by deed, but no deed made by the owner of a Homestead shall be valid without the voluntary signature and assent of his wife, signified on her private examination according to law.

ARTICLE XI.

PUNISHMENTS, PENAL INSTITUTIONS AND PUBLIC CHARITIES.

Sec. 1. The following punishments only shall be known to the laws of this State, viz: Death, imprisonment with or without hard labor, fines, removal from offices and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under this State.

Sec. 2. The object of punishments being not only to satisfy justice, but also to reform the offenders, and thus prevent crime, murder, arson, burglary, and rape, and those only, may be punishable with death, if the General Assembly so enact.

Sec. 3 The General Assembly shall, at its first meeting, make provision for the erection and conduct of a State prison or Penitentiary at some central and accessible point within the State.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily* and *Weekly* at the following rates. A square will be the space estimated at 12 solid lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1.00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	6,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 10 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1868.

FOR CONGRESS.

SAMUEL T. WILLIAMS,

OF GRANVILLE.

Mass Meetings.

The State Executive Committee recommend the holding of Conservative Mass Meetings at the following times and places:

Raleigh,	Tuesday,	April	7
Greensboro',	"	"	7
Goldsboro',	Thursday,	"	9
Salisbury,	"	"	9
Statesville,	Friday,	"	10
Wilmington,	Saturday,	"	11

Messrs. DOOLITTLE, HENDRICKS and others of U. S. Senate, and Messrs. BROOKS, ELDRIDGE and others of the House, have been invited to attend these meetings, and they are expected to come. It will be seen that the meetings are crowded, for the reason that these gentlemen can remain in the State but a few days.

Our friends in those places are requested to make the necessary arrangements for holding these meetings and further publication, &c. Popular speakers in this State are also expected to be present. Rally Conservatives!

RADICAL CLUB HOUSE.—The Radicals of this City have established a Radical Club House—a drinking saloon, where, we presume, votes are to be bought from blacks and mean whites, in the heart of the City, on Hillsboro Street, in the midst of the private residences of many of our best people. Here the orgies of Bacchus are to be held, night and day, we suppose, during the campaign. On Thursday afternoon, there was a large gathering of negroes and scallawags, to raise a Holden-Radical pole. Exciting speeches were made, we learn, by Gen. Littlefield, and others, whose names we have not heard, amid uproarious noise and huzzas, much to the discomfort of the quiet people of that neighborhood. Subsequently, after night, a procession was formed, led by a negro band, (some of our good people having unwittingly contributed to purchase their instruments, a few weeks since) which proceeded through the streets huzzaing and screeching, making night hideous. Some of the crowd were highly excited with liquor and some of the speakers made strong incendiary speeches.

We do not complain of any legitimate and safe methods which may be adopted by the Radical party, or any other, to secure votes and carry on a canvass. But if our voice could have any influence with the Radicals, we would urge that any attempt to inflame and excite the populace unduly should be avoided, and the quiet and order of the community should not be disturbed, with impunity, by excited and irresponsible persons.

CLEARED FOR ACTION.—We finish, this morning, the publication of the moongrel abortion, called a Constitution. It appears in full in our Weekly and Semi Weekly.—The pressure on our columns is now relieved, the decks are cleared, and we are fully ready for action. We shall know no breathing time until the 28th of April, when we hope to chronicle that nigger-scal lawagism has received its quietus in the "good old North."

THE NEWS from the West is glorious—The white men of that noble section are arousing for the great work before them.

There's fire in the mountains,
Run, scallawags, *run!*

LIFE OF JEFFERSON DAVIS.—The Cincinnati *Commercial* (Radical) says the biography of Jefferson Davis, by Frank H. Altriend, late of the *Southern Literary Messenger*, is the most valuable contribution yet made to the history of the war by any Southern author.

We are indebted to the National Publishing Company, 917 Main St., Richmond, for a copy of this valuable work. It is a large and elegantly printed volume. We have had no time to look over it, but have no doubt it fully merits the high eulogiums pronounced upon it by the press. It is only for sale by subscription, and an Agent for its sale is desired in every county.

H. H. HELPER, Esq., is announced as a "Republican" candidate for Congress in the Sixth District.

No. 2 of the *Holden Record*, by Mr. Helper, is out. It is a searcher, peeler, exterminator. It will find its way into every nook and corner of the State.

PEMOS.—We have the most cheering news from this county. The white men are nearly an unit.

Col. JNO. A. RICHARDSON, of Bladen, has been nominated as the Conservative candidate for Solicitor in the Fourth Judicial District. Excellent selection.

HOLDEN'S HYPOCRISY.

We learn that the *Standard* has been publishing, for several weeks, Gov. Vance's proclamation, in 1864, which he issued for the purpose of discouraging desertion from the Confederate armies, and in which he pledged himself to use every effort to shield every such deserter from the penalties of military law, who would at once return to his Company. The *Standard* accompanies this proclamation with sensational headings, infamously charging upon Gov. Vance the purpose of shooting Union men, with other shameless accusations. This article, we learn, has been placarded all over the country.

No other living man, except Holden, could be guilty of the hypocrisy and meanness necessary thus to characterize an official document, and thus to assail a public man, for what he (HOLDEN) had himself *publicly endorsed and eulogised*.

Let it be known, that this same man, HOLDEN, on the day that he published Gov. Vance's proclamation in the *Standard*, Aug. 31, 1864, accompanied it with the following strong editorial endorsement, and now makes use of the same proclamation to slander and villify Gov. Vance. Shame, shame! Read what this man Holden said of the proclamation, on the day that he published it:

"PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.—It will be seen by the proclamation of Gov. Vance, in our paper to-day, that that functionary, responding to the late appeal of Gen. Lee to deserters, and to the general public wish expressed in the newspapers of the State, has issued an urgent call to deserters and absentees from the army to return to their posts, and has enjoined it as a duty on the entire body of the militia to exercise the utmost vigilance in ridding the State of deserters. WE TRUST THIS CALL WILL BE HEEDED. We think it more than probable that a majority of the deserters lurking in this State are from other States, who have made North Carolina a sort of half-way house between Virginia and their homes; and it is due to the character of the State, to the Confederate service, and to many of our citizens, who have been injured by these deserters from other States, as well as from our own State, that they SHOULD BE BANISHED from our midst and returned to their duty. Let those of our citizens who belong to the militia or home guard, and who have been thus far exempted from active service in the Confederate army in consideration of the important duties they are expected to perform at home, at once respond to the order of the Governor, and execute it faithfully, and the evil complained of will soon cease to exist."—W. W. HOLDEN, *August 31st*, 1864.

HOLDEN IN SALISBURY—HE AND "CAPTING" SETTLE SHIRK—A DISCUSSION.

We learn, from the *Old North State*, that early in the morning of the day when the X P G was in Salisbury, a note was addressed to Messrs. Holden and Settle, by the Conservative canvassers for the county, proposing a public discussion of the issue of the day—that some of our men should be allowed to meet them. This was declined, verbally, on the plea of a want of time. The District nominating Convention, they said, was in session, and would not conclude its labors in time for such a discussion. The proposition was submitted to that body, and by it *rejected* by almost a unanimous vote—one member remarking that he had heard enough Conservative speeches, and that he now wanted to hear some Radical speeches. What excuse they will be able to find at their next meeting we cannot tell. Since the practice of canvassing first commenced in this State, no canvass has been conducted as they are conducting this.

At night, Gen. Leach, of Davidson, and W. M. Robbins, Esq., of Salisbury, addressed a large audience of both races in the Town Hall, making very effective and patriotic speeches.

The *Old North State* adds: "The Conservatives of this county are becoming thoroughly aroused. A vigorous canvass of the county will be commenced at once, the results of which will be seen in a large Conservative majority at the approaching election. Other counties may rest assured that Rowan county will do her duty in this crisis."

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Ralph J. Cowles, Esq., President of the Mongrel State Convention, was nominated for Congress, by the Radicals, at Salisbury, on the 18th inst. Daddy Cowles, having had a taste of the public pap, will be hard to choke off. The Rads must have been terribly put up, not to have found a more competent man for Congress.

The "Old North State" says that that old patriot and true Conservative Union man, JOHN H. MCLAUCHLIN, Esq., of Iredell County, has been suggested as the Conservative candidate. We hope Mr. McLaughlin will consent to run, if the Conservatives of his District nominate him. He stands squarely against the abominable Constitution framed by the mongrel Convention.

MANY of our Canvassers for the State at large are in the field. Let them all turn out. Let there be no recess of the State so secluded, that it shall not resound with the note of warning against the infamous designs of the nigger supremacists!

COL. R. H. COWAN will address the people of Brunswick, at Smithville, on the 28th, and at Northwest, on the 4th prox.

JUDICIAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The delegates to nominate a white Solicitor, for the 7th Judicial District, will meet at Greensboro, on Wednesday, the 25th March—being the same time and place for the holding of the Congressional Convention of the 5th Congressional District.

HENRY A. LONDON, Jr.,
LEVINSWORTH BROWN, } Committee.
J. T. MOREHEAD, Jr.

SHALL NEGRO GUARDIANS BE APPOINTED FOR WHITE WARDS? *That is one of the issues.* The so-called Convention voted down a prohibition of this possible outrage!

THE GREAT and paramount issue is—SHALL NEGROES or WHITE MEN RULE NORTH CAROLINA? All other issues are secondary and subordinate, and should be kept so.

CONSERVATIVE DISTRICT CONVENTION.

Agreeably to published notification, delegates from the Counties composing the Fourth Congressional District of North Carolina assembled at Henderson, on Thursday, the 19th. inst., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress in said District, and of appointing delegates to the National Democratic Convention, to be held in New York, on the 4th. of July, prox.

On motion of Col. Wharton J. Green, Wm. Eaton, Jr., Esq., of Warren, was invited to preside over the Convention, and Messrs. Gales, of the Raleigh *Sentinel*, Dunham, of the *Carolinian*, and Furman, of the Henderson *Index*, were requested to act as Secretaries.

Mr. Eaton, on assuming the duties of the Chair, delivered an eloquent, able and impressive address, which was received with great enthusiasm by the Convention.

The list of counties composing the District having been called by the Secretaries, the following delegates were found to be in attendance, viz:

Granville County.—S A Williams, S G Hayes, Thomas Capehart, Col Geo Worth am, H T Watkins, J R Fuller, Col T B Venable J S Amis, W A Philpott, J C Russell, Dr W W Young, G W Kittrell, Col S S Cooper, D Y Young, T H Blacknall, James Gooch, Geo Hammett, Capt D E Young, Sr., Wm L Burroughs, Capt W H Young, W J Young, S J Parham, T B Parham, Geo W Barnes, Wm Wade, Isham Cheatham, Harrell Harriss, Col S Edwards, R M Furman, H B Estis, Jos D Clark, Capt Swett, J H Jones, J H Dunn, Col P E A Jones, W W Jones, Robt Fuller, Walter Harris, Wm Wortham, J E Weaver, Jno Kelly, E T Currin, P F McNiel, Jos A Clark, Dr S D Young, C Leadbetter, A B Andrews, John Young, Wm A Harris, G H Yancy, S W Kittrell, Wm Fuller, H Harris, S Currin, Jno A Williams, W P Hawkins, Lewis Reavis, R G Wyatt, J B Dickman, Sr., W H Newby.

Warren.—Col W J Green, Col W A Jackens, Capt B M Collins, Capt A L Steed, W S Davis, J M Brame, J R Smithwick, H H Ball, Solon Southerland, R A Davis, C J Jones, W T Alston, H B Hunter, R Gibbs, J B Williams, R J Wortham, R D Best, J R Wilson, S G Ward, Wm Eaton, Jr.

Wake.—R B Haywood, C B Root, J W Dunham, Seaton Gales, Hilliard Bell, J J Litchford, B J Perkinson, R W Haywood, Jno C Syme.

Nash.—S R Hilliard, H G Williams.

Franklin.—Phil B Hawkins, J B Dobnam, C Perry.

[It is proper to state that Orange and Chatham would have been represented, but for the failure, on the morning of Thursday, of the train, on the N. C. Railroad, to connect with the train on the R. & G. Railroad.)

On motion of T. B. Venable, Esq., of Granville, a Committee of three gentlemen from each county, chosen by the respective delegations, was appointed to recommend a candidate for Congress, and delegates and alternates to the National Democratic Convention.

The following Committee was appointed:

Wake.—J W Dunham, Seaton Gales, J J Litchford.

Granville.—S A Williams, Colonel Geo Wortham, J S Amis.

Franklin.—P B Hawkins, Chas Perry, J B Dobnam.

Nash.—H G Williams, W H Hilliard.

Warren.—Chas J Jones, J B Williams, H B Hunter.

The Committee retired. During their absence, the Convention adjourned, *en masse*, to the outside of the building, (Alley's Hotel,) where the crowd was greatly increased, to listen to Col. Wm. A. Jenkins, of Warren, who addressed the people in a most powerful, scathing and eloquent manner, for more than an hour. The enthusiasm of the meeting knew no bounds, as was evinced by the most tumultuous applause.

After which, the Committee returned and made the following recommendations, which were ratified by acclamation, viz:

FOR CONGRESS.

SAMUEL T. WILLIAMS,

OF GRANVILLE.

DELEGATES TO THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

DR R. B. HAYWOOD, of Wake,
COL. W. J. GREEN, of Warren.

ALTERNATES.

JNO. W. GRAHAM, of Orange,
JNO. MANNING, Jr., of Chatham.

On motion of J. J. Litchford, Esq., the following resolutions were unanimously adopted, viz:

Resolved, That we heartily ratify the nominations made by the Conservative State Executive Committee, for State officers, and that we pledge to them our cordial and our enthusiastic and cordial support.

Resolved, That we particularly congratulate our fellow citizens, in all parts of the State, upon having for the candidacy for the Chief Executive Office of North Carolina so able and pure a gentleman and patriot, as Thomas S. Ashe, of Anson, and that we rejoice to learn that he has consented to bear the white banner in this hour of duty and of trial, from

Resolved, That we pledge our united and earnest efforts to defeat the mongrel thing, called a Constitution, which has been imposed for our acceptance by the late burlesque assemblage in Raleigh, called a Convention.

On motion, Messrs. Jenkins, of Warren, Haywood, of Wake, and P. B. Hawkins, of Franklin, were appointed a Committee to inform Mr. Williams of his nomination and request his acceptance of the same.

After a vote of thanks to the officers of the meeting, the Convention adjourned in the finest spirit.

WM. EATON, Jr., } President.
SEATON GALES, }
J. W. DUNHAM, } Secretaries.
R. M. FURMAN, }

JUDICIAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The undersigned Committee, to provide for holding a Convention of the counties of the proposed First Judicial District, to wit: Bertie, Hertford, Gates, Chowan, Perquimans, Pasquotank, Camden, and Currituck, to nominate a Conservative candidate for the office of Solicitor, appoint Tuesday, the 5th day of April next, as the time, and Edenton as the place, for holding the same, and do earnestly recommend action in the several counties in order to their being represented therein.

W. N. H. SMITH, }
M. L. EURE, } Committee.
March 11th, 1868.

DOWN WITH THE MONGREL CONSTITUTION! *That is the slogan.*

For the Sentinel.

THE UBIQUITOUS GEN. LITTLEFIELD.

Gen. M. S. *Little* field—who has humbugged, it is said, the late (so-called) Convention into forcing the distressed and impoverished people of North Carolina to pay an annual tax of $600,000 to Northern bondholders for interest on the State securities,—seems to be ubiquitous. He is advertised, in the N. C. *Standard*, of the 18th. inst., to speak in Republican Meetings, as follows:

April 8th.	Dobson,	Surry Co
" 9th.	Williamston,	Martin "
" "	Trap Hill,	Wilkes "
" "	Washington,	Beaufort "
" 10th.	Wilkesboro,	Wilkes "
" "	Plymouth,	Washington "
" 11th.	Taylorsville,	Alexander "
" "	Edenton,	Chowan "
" 13th.	Statesville	Iredell "
" "	Elizabeth City,	Pasquotank "

The nearest of the above appointments, the one to the other, which occurs on the same day, cannot be less than 250 miles apart; we cannot see how Gen. *Littlefield* can cover such a *large* field of operations. He is a right *sharp* Yankee,—when dealing with such soft-headed patriots as composed the late (so called) Convention; but when he gets outside, where there are wits as sharp as his, such impostures will be detected. He would do well to change the dates of some of these appointments—"No'th Kerlina" does not properly appreciate such little pettifogging tricks.

It is gratifying to observe that, in similar lists of appointments, Mr. C. R. Thomas has the good sense, in making his speeches, to have himself announced to speak in two places on the same day not quite so far apart as Gen. *Littlefield*, his two nearest appointments for the same day not being over 200 miles from each other, to wit: Fayetteville and Jefferson, in Ashe county.

And, then, Mr. Thomas has the good manners and the kind regard for the people among whom he was brought up, to have himself appear in one list of appointments as the "Hon. C. R. Thomas," and in the other as "C. R. Thomas, Esq." This is worthy of a native North Carolinian, and is especially gratifying to us, as it shows his superiority, both in good sense and good manners, to this foreigner, Gen. *Little*-field.

Hurrah! say we, for "Hon." and "Esquire" C. R. Thomas, and the "Old North State," —and down with "Gen. M. S. *Little* field" and the Philadelphia bondholders! G

THE JEWS AND GEN. GRANT.—AN UNPUBLISHED LETTER.—We recently printed the unjust and insulting order issued by Grant during the war banishing Jews by name from his lines. This order did not express the General's whole opinion of the nationality which he thus singled out for public defamation. President Lincoln, as soon as he saw the order, wrote to Grant directing him to recall it. In reply, Grant wrote substantially as follows:

"In obedience to your instructions, the order complained of shall be recalled; but I take the liberty of saying that these people complained of are the same who crucified our Saviour, and from the specimens of them here, I do not think the race has improved any since then."

This letter has never been made public; but these are its contents, as related by Mr. Lincoln himself to several citizens of St. Louis.—*St. Louis Dispatch.*

THE IMPEACHMENT CASE.—The managers of impeachment on the part of the House held a brief meeting yesterday, and transacted some business with regard to the replication to the answer of the President, which they expect to be able to complete and submit in one or two days after the answer is filed. It is understood that no additional witnesses will be examined for several days.—*Forney's Chronicle.*

THE PRESIDENT'S DELEGATIONS.—Jerry Black states to day very freely that he has no hope of acquittal of the President, and that he so informed him yesterday. Whether Mr. Johnson will resign or see the matter through is not yet determined—but if he takes the advice of nearly all his counsellors, he will resign as soon as the Senate orders that the trial shall proceed without further delay.—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Sun, 16th instant.*

MEETING IN RICHMOND COUNTY.—We learn that there was a most enthusiastic meeting in Rockingham on Tuesday last. Hon. Thos. S. Ashe, Colo. W. L. Steele, Giles Leitch, N. A. McLean and Mr. H. C. Wall were the speakers. Much enthusiasm and earnestness was manifested. We expect the proceedings in a day or two.—*Wil. Journal.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

100 NORTH CAROLINA HAMS
In store and for sale by
Mar 21—4t G T & W C STRONACH.

20 SACKS DARK GREEN COFFEE
At
Mar 21—4t G T & W C STRONACH.

30 BBLS. "C" & "C" and "C" Yellow Sugar, in store and for sale by
Mar 21—4t G T & W C STRONACH.

RAGS! RAGS! RAGS!
Wanted by
Mar 21—4t G T & W C STRONACH.

PLOWS.
We would call special attention to our 0 and 4 Plows. Farmers would do well to see them before purchasing elsewhere. Also to our GARDEN HOES, SPADES and SHOVELS.
Mar 21— G T & W C STRONACH.

A LARGE LOT OF STOCK PEAS.
At
Mar 21—4t— G T & W C STRONACH.

SPRING TRADE.
1868. 1868.
NEW ARRIVALS.

Fine Ivory-handled Table Cutlery
Geo Wostenholm & Son's and Joseph Rogers & Son's Compass Knives
Curling Irons and Tongs
Kissing Irons, Sheep Shears
Western Cow Bells
Fine Razors and Strops
Sand, Rip and Tenon Saws
Belt Awls, and Tools
Raleigh Mar 21—4t J. BROWN, WHOLESALE HARDWARE.

For Sale.
PICKLED BEEF by the Barrel
Mar 21—4t W. H. JONES & CO.

For Sale.
500 Bushels White Corn, nice for feed.
Mar 21—4t W. H. JONES & Co.
Auction & Comm. Merchants.

For Sale.
A lot of nice PRUNES to close consignment
Mar 21—4t W. H. JONES & CO.
Auction & Comm. Merchants.

To Store and for sale low.
100 Choice Maryland Hams
At TONNOFF'S.
Feb 3-150-tf

RECEIVED THIS DAY
At the Family Yard in Kegs
TONNOFF'S.
Feb 3-150-tf

FOR SALE.
A FURTHER supply of best Mountain Apples.
W. H. JONES & Co.
Feb 21-165-tf Auct. & Comm. Merchant.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 20, M.

Secretary McCulloch estimates that recent and pending tax laws will bring the revenue $130,000,000 below his estimates, and appreciates that the customs will be affected unfavorably by a reduction of the taxes.

It is snowing here this morning.

Brilliant Aurora Borealis, North, last night.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 20, M.

Gold 1.34¼. Virginia 6's 61.

Cotton dull, 25.

Turpentine favors buyers at 45.

LIVERPOOL, March 20, M.

Cotton quiet and steady. Stock about 240,000 bales, whereof 146,000 are American.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, March 20, P. M.

HOUSE.—A resolution was adopted, that, during the session of the impeachment Court, the House will attend in Committee of the Whole.

The Senate's amendment to the Tax bill was referred to the Ways and Means Committee.

The Civil Appropriation bill passed.

Pacific Railroad discussed. It was stated that the Vice President of one of the Companies had charged for half a million, spent in a confidential way in Washington securing the passage of a bill, in 1864.

Without action, adjourned.

SENATE.—Petitions from Delaware complaining of deprivation of political rights, were referred to the Judiciary Committee, with instructions to investigate the genuineness of signatures.

Drake offered a new impeachment rule, that, during the sessions of the Court, Chase shall be called Mr. President, and the Court shall be addressed as the Senate.

Drake remarked, that the President's Counsel studiously addressed Chase as Mr. Chief Justice, and alluded to the Senate as a Court. They had a distinct purpose in this, which would be developed during the trial.

Johnson objected to the immediate consideration, and the order went over.

After Executive session, adjourned.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 20, P. M.

The House Judiciary Committee are considering a bill declaring the 14th. Article ratified.

There are less greenbacks in the Treasury, than at any time since the war. Gold in the Treasury one hundred millions.

Gen. Hancock and Col. Mitchell have arrived.

In the Supreme Court—State of Georgia *vs.* Grant *et al.*—on motion of Judge Black, process was ordered to issue in the case. A motion for preliminary injunction was held under advisement.

Secretary Stanton has issued special orders, relieving General Dimick, Governor of the Soldier's Home in this District. This is not done on the President's order and is regarded as a step in advance.

The Senate is still acting on the President's nominations. One sent in, to-day, was confirmed this evening.

VIRGINIA CONVENTION—SNOW STORM.

RICHMOND, March 20, P. M.

The Convention appointed a Committee, consisting of the State Auditor, the President and a member, to negotiate a loan for the expenses of the body. The loan will be about ninety thousand dollars.

A heavy snow storm all day.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 20, P. M.

Judge E. Starnes, a distinguished Jurist, formerly Judge of the Supreme Court of Georgia, was killed, to-day, by the accidental discharge of a gun, in the hands of his son.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 20, P. M.

Cotton has declined ¼ and lower. Sales of 2,000 bales at 24½@25.

Turpentine 65@65½. Rosin $6@7.

Governments closed steady. Old bonds 10½. Sterling 9½. Gold steady, 1.34½.

BALTIMORE, March 20, P. M.

Cotton dull at 25—holders very firm.

Flour dull and unchanged.

Wheat—prices barely maintained; prime Southern 2.85.

WILMINGTON, March 20, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine declined, 61. Rosin weaker—strained 2. Tar declined, 2.

Cotton firm; middling 23.

LIVERPOOL, March 20, P. M.

Cotton easier, though quotably unaltered. Sales of 10,000 bales. Manchester unfavorable.

THE WAKE COUNTY CANVASSERS are requested to meet at the office of Fowle & Badger, to-day, at 12 o'clock, M.

SPECIAL NOTICES

JUST RECEIVED AT M. ROSENBAUM'S 75 Pieces, the choicest Brands, of BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS.
To be sold at lowest market rates.
Feb 18-163-tf

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

An Essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.
Feb 1-149-dawtm

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

J. A. MCDONALD, OF CHATHAM, AT the request of many friends, announces himself as an independent candidate for Congress in the Fourth (Metropolitan) Congressional District.
Feb 28—tc

MISCELLANEOUS.

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH,
GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
MARKET SQUARE,
RALEIGH N. C.,
March 17—4t

25 BBLS. RIBBED SIDES AND SHOULDERS, in store and for sale by
Mar 17—4t G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

25 BBLS. N. C. FLOUR.
For sale by
Mar 17—tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

15 SACKS FAMILY FLOUR,
In store and for sale by
Mar 17—tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

A LARGE LOT OF POT WARE.
For sale by
Mar 17—tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

PEAS! PEAS! TOMATOES!
PEACHES! PEACHES! PEACHES!
GREEN CORN! GREEN CORN!
Carefully put up in 2 lb. cans and warranted sound.
Mar 17—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

BACON! BACON! BACON!
Prime N. C. Hams and Sides, Western sides and shoulders, Superior Maryland Hams, Prime Mess Pork. Just received by
Mar 17—4t DOUGLAS BELL.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c.

WILSON & HOGUE, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH SIDE MARKET SQUARE, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	50
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	28
" Wadesboro	24
" Wilmington	25
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	25
" Lexington at Graham	20
" " " Lexington, old	18
" " " new	10
" Commerce	15
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	6
" Yanceyville	60
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	25
" " " (new)	12
Miners' and Planters' Bank	25
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	25
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	25
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by dealers and Stock-brokers of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 25-208-3m

Greensboro
QUOTATIONS FOR N. C. BANK NOTES!

BUYING RATES AT BANKING HOUSE OF
HENRY G. KELLOGG,
Greensboro, N. C.
CORNER OF WEST MARKET AND SOUTH ELM STS., IN TATE BUILDING.

Bank of N. C.	50
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	28
" Wadesboro	24
" Wilmington	25
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	25
" Lexington at Grahams	20
" " " Lexington, old	18
" " " new	10
" Commerce	15
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	6
" Yanceyville	60
Merchants Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers Bank of Greensboro, old	25
" " " new	12
Miners & Planters Bank	25
Commercial Bank of Wil.	24
Greensboro Mutual	67

Any Bank Notes sent us by Express will be remitted for on day of receipt, at highest market rate, and if prices given are not satisfactory, the notes will be returned.

We sell Drafts on Principal Northern Cities,
AND ALSO ON EUROPE.

DEAL IN GOLD AND SILVER, BULLION, MUTILATED AND BROKEN BANK CURRENCY, U. S. BONDS, STOCKS AND SECURITIES, REVENUE STAMPS, NICKEL,
receive deposits, and conduct the business of an Incorporated Bank.

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE POLICIES ISSUED.
Feb 24-167-3m

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK
OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

H. W. FULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

W. B. GULICK, Cashier.
C. J. IREDELL, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

PRICE CURRENT FEB. 7, 1868.

Bank of Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	30
" Clarendon	2
" Commerce	15
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington, (old)	18
" " (new)	10
" Lexington, payable at Graham	20
" North Carolina	50
" Roxboro'	50
" Thomasville	50
" Wadesboro'	24
" Washington	7
" Yanceyville	2
" Wilmington	25
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	25
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old)	25
" " " (new)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Miner's & Planter's Bank	25
Jan 16-155-tf	

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26)	G. E. 50
" Cape Fear	20@
" Charlotte	20
" Lexington, at Graham	24
" Roxborough	61
" Wadesborough	25
" Thomasville	50
" Wilmington	26
" Commerce	17
" Washington	8
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	3
Miners' and Planter's Bank	40
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	25
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	24
Gold	136
Silver	120
Old Coupons	42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	85½
Old Sixes	80
Exchange on New York	¼

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	17@22½
" BALT. & WESTERN	16@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@10
" NETT	10@12
BUTTER	25@40
COTTON	18@20
CHICKENS, Spring	15@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 50@1 60
COFFEE	30@40
EGGS	12½@15
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 25@1 50
HERRINGS	6@7@10
HIDES, Green	8c pr lb.
" Dry	12½@15
HAY	$1@1 25 pr. cwt.
LARD	16@20
MEAL	1 25@1 50
MOLASSES	55@75
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS, Stock	1 75@2 00
" White	2 00@2 50
POTATOES, Irish	1 50@2 50
" Sweet	75@1 00
RAGS	4@6
SALT, Fine	4 00@4 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	13@20
TALLOW	10@12½
VINEGAR	35@75
MULLETS	$5@6 00

REMARKS.

Cotton firm; supply small. We quote sales to-day, (Tuesday,) at 30 cents.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.
At TONNOFF'S.

MISCELLANEOUS.

1868 1868
SPRING TRADE.

IT AFFORDS US PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE to the PUBLIC that we are now receiving our
SPRING STOCK OF GOODS.
Our assortment will be constantly replenished from day to day.
Our purchases are made with great care and discrimination and for CASH. Therefore, we are prepared to offer the greatest inducements to CASH BUYERS.
REMEMBER OUR MOTTOES:
"*Quick Sales and small Profits.*"
"*The Best of Goods at the Lowest of Prices.*"
"*Honesty in dealing the best Policy.*"
"*We attend to our own Business.*"
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Mar 10—tf

GENT'S SPRING HATS.
20 DOZEN White, Drab and Black HATS.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Mar 10—tf

500 YARDS N. C. CASSIMERE, for Gents and Boys.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Mar 10—tf

PLASTER! PLASTER!
TO FARMERS.
We are now grinding at our Mills, 500 tons NOVA SCOTIA PLASTER, for agricultural purposes, which will be sold VERY LOW.
A. P. GRICE,
Union Car Works, Portsmouth, Va.
A. M. WHEETING, Agt.
Mar 3—tf Raleigh, N. C.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF FANCY GOODS
At TONNOFF'S.

WHITE PEPPER.
At TONNOFF'S.

CANNED PEACHES, TOMATOES AND OYSTERS
At TONNOFF'S.

COX'S GELATINE.
At TONNOFF'S.

JELLIES, JELLIES.
At TONNOFF'S.

CATSUPS AND SAUCES.
At TONNOFF'S.

SARDINES, SARDINES.
At TONNOFF'S.

FIGS, CURRANTS, CITRON AND RAISINS
At TONNOFF'S.

FINE WINES, ALES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.
At TONNOFF'S.

20 BBLS. No. 1. FAMILY, PEARL AND other grades, arriving
At
Feb 3-150-tf TONNOFF'S.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WOOLEN HOSE, Cotton and Woollen. Cheap and well made. Just received.
Feb 20—tf W. H. JONES & CO.
Auc. & Com. Merchants.

CROCKERY AND CHINA WARE.
20 Crates well assorted Crockery and China Plates, Dishes, Bowls, Goblets, &c. This is a good paper to sell.
Feb 26—tf W. H. JONES & CO.
Auc. & Com. Merchants.

COLGATE & CO.'S
CASTILIAN
FRASIVE SOAP,
THE STANDARD OF
EXCELLENCE,
For Sale by all Grocers.
Jan. 22—13m

FRESH CRACKERS & CAKES!
10 Boxes 2 lbs. Cakes (Lot) 14.00 per doz.
15 " 6 lbs. " (Lot) 16.00 "
ALL WARRANTED FRESH.
The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again
Apply to
E. H. FOGUE,
Feb 19-164-tf Hillsboro, N. C.

FAMILY FLOUR.
25 bbls. Family Patapsco,
25 " Superfine
15 " Family N. C.
Mar 3—tf At ANDREWS'.

SWEET MOU

DAILY SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1868.

State Conservative Convention, At Raleigh, Feb. 5th and 6th, 1868.

STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Hon. THOS BRAGG, Raleigh, *Chairman.*

RESIDENT COMMITTEE AT RALEIGH.

Hon A S Merrimon.
" Daniel G Fowle.
Gen W R Cox.
Seaton Gales, Esq.
J P H Russ, Esq.
M A Bledsoe, Esq.
R C Badger, *Secretary.*
C. B. Root, *Treasurer.*

FIRST DISTRICT.

Hon W N H Smith, Hertford.
William A Moore, Chowan.
Mills L Eure, Gates.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Henry R Bryan, Craven.
Geo V Strong, Wayne.
Thos S Kenan, Duplin.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Hon Geo Howard, Edgecombe.
Jos J Davis, Franklin.
Gen M W Ransom, Northampton.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Hon J M Leach, Davidson.
Livingston Brown, Caswell.
Jas T Morehead, Jr., Guilford.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Col E D Hall, New Hanover.
Archibald McLean, Cumberland.
Hon Thos S Ashe, Anson.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

R F Armfield, Wilkes.
W M Robbins, Rowan.
Hon J H Wilson, Mecklenburg.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Plato Durham, Cleaveland.
A C Avery, Burke.
M L McCorkle, Catawba.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

R M Stokes, Buncombe.
Cassius Gudger, Haywood.
W L Love, Macon.

National Democratic Convention.

DELEGATES.

Hon. W. N. H. Smith,
Gen. W. R. Cox,
W. A. Wright, Esq.,
Jno. F. Hoke, Esq.,

ALTERNATES.

Jno. Hughes, Esq.,
Jno. A. Gilmer, Jr.,
A. C. Cowles, Esq.,
Hon. A. T. Davidson.

A PLAN OF ORGANIZATION.

STATE ORGANIZATION.

A State Committee, to consist of a Chairman and thirty members,—six of whom shall reside in Raleigh, and three in each judicial district—to be appointed by the State Convention.

The Committee shall have power to maintain its organization, by filling vacancies, &c., and shall take charge of all matters relating to organization, registration, &c., and a proper canvass of the State.

DISTRICT ORGANIZATION.

The members of the State Committee in each judicial district shall constitute a district Committee for their respective districts and shall appoint a Chairman, and shall take charge of all matters relating to county organization, &c., in their respective districts; and shall report all matters relating thereto, to the Chairman of the State Committee.

COUNTY ORGANIZATION.

It is recommended that each County, by popular meetings or through the medium of existing organizations, appoint a County Committee, to consist of at least two persons from each Captain's District within its limits.

The County Committee shall take charge of all matters of registration, local organization, &c., within the County, and is requested to make monthly reports to the Chairman of the District Committee, and, when necessary, to inform him of such local matters as may require the attention of the District Committee.

It is further recommended that each County Committee cause to be enrolled the names of all the registered voters of their county, who are willing to act and vote with this organization—no man to be thus enrolled without his express consent; and, also, that they cause to be enrolled on a separate list the names of all those who are entitled to register, but who have not done so, and that they use every exertion to secure their registration and active co-operation.

Resolved, That the President of the Convention appoint five or more persons, in each County, to make a thorough canvass of the same, and disseminate proper political information.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

The Conservative people of North Carolina having, by their delegates, assembled in Convention at Raleigh, on the 5th. of February, 1868, to consider the present anomalous condition of the State, and of the country, and to consult together upon the grievances which now afflict and threaten them, and the course of action proper to be adopted in the trying circumstances which surround them, do resolve and declare

1. Our unalterable devotion to the principles of Constitutional liberty and our fealty to the government of the United States, as set forth in the Federal Constitution. That we sincerely and in good faith accept the legitimate and legal results of the late war, and do hereby reiterate our oft repeated declaration, that we most heartily desire peace and concord with our sister States and with the entire people of the United States.

2. *Resolved*, That regarding the Constitution of the United States as the source of all power in the administration of the government, and that the powers of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial departments are equal and co-ordinate, as defined by that instrument, we do respectfully and solemnly protest against the enforcement upon our people of the Reconstruction Acts and policy of Congress, as unconstitutional, unwise and destructive to society, and violative of that great principle of American politics, that each State shall have the exclusive control of its own internal affairs.

3. *Resolved* That it is the opinion of this Convention, that the great and all absorbing issue, now soon to be presented to the people of the State, is negro suffrage and negro equality, if not supremacy, and whether hereafter in North Carolina and the South, the white man is to be placed politically, and, as a consequence, socially, upon a footing of equality with the negro, and, in many localities, subject to his government as a superior. That we are utterly opposed to such change in our government and in our social relations, and that we do hereby earnestly recommend to the people of the State to manfully meet the issue now attempted to be forced upon them, and to use every proper means within their power to avert the impending mischief.

4. *Resolved*, That while we are unalterably opposed to political and social equality with the black race, we yet have no unjust prejudicies against that race; that we are determined, by just laws, to protect them fully in all their civil rights, and to confer upon them all privileges which can be done consistently with the safety and welfare of both races.

5. *Resolved*, That the distressed and impoverished condition of our people earnestly demands the speediest and wisest measures of relief that the Legislature can devise.

6. *Resolved*, That this Convention recognizes, with feelings of gratitude, the heroic and patriotic efforts of the President of the United States, to restore the Union and harmony and good will among the American people.

7. *Resolved*, That this Convention regards the Supreme Court of the United States as the legitimate expounder, in the last resort, of the Constitution—and believe that its rights and powers, in that respect, should be preserved intact, as established by law in the earlier and better days of the Republic, and that any serious impairment thereof, by legislation or otherwise, will be destructive to the best interests of the country, and dangerous to the liberties of the people.

8. *Resolved*, That despairing of any restoration of the Southern States under the conduct of that organization which now controls the proceedings of Congress, waiving all former party feeling and prejudice, this Convention does most unhesitatingly recommend and invite the hearty co-operation of all the good people of North Carolina with the Democrats and Conservative men of the North and West, who are now nobly struggling for the maintenance of the Constitution of the United States and the restoration of the Southern States to their rights in the Union on the solid foundation of harmony and peace.

9. *Resolved*, That this Convention elect four delegates and four alternates, for the State at large, to represent the Conservative people of North Carolina in the next Democratic National Convention, and that it recommend to the Conservative people of the several Congressional Districts, to appoint delegates at an early day to represent them in said Convention.

10. *Resolved*, That when an election shall be ordered for the ratification of a new State Constitution, the Executive Committee for the State, which has been appointed by this Convention, be instructed, if the time shall be sufficient, to call a Convention of the Conservative people of the State, to put in nomination candidates for the various State offices whose election shall then be ordered; and if there shall not be sufficient time to call said Convention, to put in nomination sound Conservative men for said offices.

Canvassers for the State at Large.

The following gentlemen have been appointed, by the State Conservative Executive Committee, Canvassers for the State at large. It is to be hoped that they will at once make appointments to address the people. The original paper containing the list of canvassers for the State having been misplaced, the following is believed to be a correct list:

Hon William A Graham.
" James M Leach.
Gen M W Ransom.
Hon J R McLean.
" Jesse G Shepherd.
Maj Marcus Erwin.
Hon F B Satterthwaite.
" Hon Asa Biggs.
" J. W. Osborne.
" R Y McAden.
" George Davis.
" Jesse R. Stubbs.
" S J Person.
" W. N. H. Smith.
" W T Dortch.
Col Robert Strange.
Hon Nathaniel Boyden.
" John Kerr.
" George Howard.
Col R H Cowan.
" W P Bynum.
Giles Leitch, Esq.
Col S McD Tate.
Arch McLean, Esq.
Col D D Ferebee.
Ralph Gorrell, Esq.
Col W F Martin.
Col Jas T Morehead.
C B Sanders, Esq.
W F McKesson, Esq.
J J Yeates, Esq.
Col S B Spruill.
Hon Thomas S Ashe.
Col Walter L Steele.
Hon. B. S. Gaither,
" Josiah Turner,
" D. G. Fowle,
John H. Haughton, Esq.,
Col. Wm. A. Jenkins,
Wm. Eaton, Jr., Esq.,
R. P. Armfield, Esq.,
Edward Conigland, Esq.,
A. A. McKoy, Esq.,
P. H. Winston, Esq.,
W. McL. McKay, Esq.,
Col. S. H. Walkup,
Col. Wm. Johnston.
Hon C C Clark.
David F Caldwell, Esq.
Col Thos C. Fuller.
Dr. Jas T Leach.
M. Q. Waddell, Esq.
T. Brown Venable, Esq.
Dr. R. K. Speed,
W. M. Robbins, Esq.

COUNTY CANVASSERS.

Alamance County.—Dr. John A. Moore, James A. Graham, James E. Boyd, George Patterson, Sr., T. M. Holt.

Anson.—Thomas S. Ashe, Arch'd. Niven, C. R. Liles, W. G. Smith, W. P. Kendall.

Beaufort.—Thomas Sparrow, Joseph B. Stickney, Churchill Gorham, F. B. Satterthwaite, Edward S. Marsh.

Burke.—Thos. G. Walton, S. C. W. Tate, Dr. David Berry, Andrew Shuford, Jno. F. Merrill, Jno G. Bynum, Geo P. Erwin.

Brunswick.—Capt. D. E. Allen, Samuel R. Chinnis, Col. S. D. Thurston, Thos. Drew, Asa Ross.

Bladen.—Rev. Colin Shaw, George Cromartie, Jno. A. Richardson, Thos. H. Sutton and J. W. Purdie, Duncan Kelly, W. J. Parker, Jno A McDowell, B F Reynolds.

Bertie.—Col. David Outlaw, Col. Samuel B. Spruill, J. L. Mitchell, Esq., Jos. B Cherry, Esq., and P. H. Winston, Jr., Turner Wilson, J. J. Rhodes, Thos. J. Pugh.

Cabarrus.—William S. Harris, John M. Long, Dr. L. S. Bingham, Dr. F. M. Henderson, Frank Rogers, Samuel Pharr, P. B. Means.

Caldwell.—Maj. W. H. Malone, Gen. S. F. Patterson, Edward W. Jones, Rev. Isaac Oxford, R. H. Moody.

Chatham.—M. Q. Waddell, John Manning, Jr., H. A. London, Jr., B. J. Howze, James F. Rives, Capt. N. A. Ramsay, Gaston Albright, W. P. Taylor, Thos. Farrow.

Carteret.—Dr. L. W. Martin, L. S. Oglesby, John M. Perry, Samuel Lellers, Ben. H. Belt.

Catawba.—Dr. Ellis, Dr. Turner Abernathy, Jonas Cline, G. James, Capt. Helton, A J Whitner, J H Bruns, Samuel Tucker, Wesley Bandy, Daniel Deal, Capt. M. O. Sherrill, George Yoder.

Caswell.—Bedford Brown, John Kerr, Thomas Donoho, S. P. Hill, G. W. Thompson.

Columbus.—John W. Ellis, W. J. Stanley, Fourney George, V. V. Richardson, J. M. McGougan.

Cumberland.—Hon J G Shepherd, David McNeill, Esq., J H Myrover, Esq., Hon Thos C Fuller, Capt Benjamin Robinson, Col W McL McKay, Joseph A McArthur, Esq., Wm J Kelly, Esq., Hector McNeill, (late Sheriff,) John Averett, Jr., Capt Wm B. Ray.

Cleveland.—Lee M McAfee, J W Gidney, M Dellee, H Cabaniss, A R Homesly.

Craven.—Henry R. Bryan, Alexander C. Latham, Wm. C. Mead, John Hughes, Dr. P. E. Hines, H. T. Guion, Alex. Justice, Jno H. Haughton, J. N. Washington.

Currituck.—Dr. W. H. Lassell, Burwell M. Baxter, James M. Woodhouse, William Shaw, T. C. Humphreys.

Camden.—Col. D. D. Ferebee, Dr. Mullen, C. G. Luke, W. B. Perebec and Willis Sanderlin.

Chowan.—D R Dillard, Saml P Long, Jeptha Ward, Dr R H Winborne, S T Bond, A M Moore, John Roberts, S H Hackett.

Clay.—Col Henry Platt, Maj P C Hughes, Capt W B Tidwell, G G Bristol, John M Galloway.

Cherokee.—Col H H Davidson, Capt J W Cooper, Capt G N Phillips, Capt J M Slaughter, J B Fain, S P Sherrell.

Davidson.—C. F. Lowe, Henry Walser, Sr., F. C. Robbins, J. H. Welborn, M. H. Pinnix, S. S. Jones.

Davie.—J M Clement, R F Johnston, Dr De Witt Clement, P H Cain, C W Bessent.

Duplin.—Prof. N. B. Webster, Col. Wm A. Allen, Capt. A. J. Brown, Wm. R. Ward, J. D. Stanford, J. E Hussey.

Edgecombe.—T W Battle, Fred Phillips, Wm Norfleet, Dossey Battle, B H Bunn, John L Bridgers, L D Pender, John A Vines, Gen W G Lewis, R E Macnair, Jas F Jenkins and Jas R Thigpen.

Franklin.—W K Davis, Jno E Thomas, Dr B T Green, Wm S Harris, Chas M Cook.

Gaston.—W. T. Shipp, Edmund Wilkes, Robt. Holland, Col. Wm. Stowe, Eph. Black.

Granville.—Col. J. S. Amis, R. A. Jenkins, N. E. Cannady, W. H. P. Jenkins, T. L. Hargrove.

Guilford.—Peter Adams, Sr. David F. Caldwell, Jos. W. Gilmer, Levi M. Scott, Nereus Mendenhall, Samuel Rankin, Jr.

Gates.—Henry Willey, Mills H Eure, sr, R Gatlin jr, Dr H A Morgan, Rev Cesiin Jordan, Jno Gatlin, Wm L Reid.

Greene.—Dr J D Spicer, D W Edwards, W A Darden, jr, Theophilus Edwards, J L Jackson.

Halifax.—Edward Conigland, Mason L. Wiggins, Dr. Henry Macon, R. H. Smith, William H. Day, Col D C Clark.

Henderson.—T W Taylor, H T Farmer, Dr T A Allen, J D Hyman, S V Pickens.

Hertford.—J. J. Yeates, Dr. G. C. Moore, Dr. R. H. Shields, Dr. R. H Smith, J. B. Slaughter, R. G. Cowper, Esq., S. D. Winburne, H. C. Maddrey, and Jno. A. Vann, Esq.

Harnett.—Gen A D McLean, Col A J McNeill, C C Barbee, Esq, C H Coffield, Esq., Geo W Pegram, Esq., R C Belder, Esq., Dr John McCormick, Col J A Spears, Neill S Stewart, Esq.

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Haywood.—Maj W M Rhea, F M Davis, R H Penland, Dr H M Rogers, Wm Wilson, B B Edmundson, Dr R V Welch, W L Norwood, Capt W Lenoir, Capt H M Love.

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Jackson.—Col T D Bryson, Col J R Love, Capt J W Terrill, John H Alley, Joseph Keener, Col W H Thomas.

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Lincoln.—W. J. Hoke, D. Schenck, W. A. Graham, Daniel A. Haynes, J. A. Caldwell,

Martin.—J Edwin Moore, George H Gregory, D. W. Bagley, A H Coffield, and Jos. D. Biggs.

Macon.—Dr J M Lyle, Capt J G Crawford, Col L Howard, Rev Allen Ammons, Jas H Bryson, Jno R Ammons.

Mecklenburg (in part.)—Hon. Z. B. Vance, Hon. J. W. Osborne, Col. H. C. Jones, Hon. J. H. Wilson, Gen. J. A. Young, Col. Wm. Johnston.

McDowell.—Gen. Alney Burgin, A. M. Erwin, W. W. Fleming, Dr. John Yancey, Dr. McCoy.

Moore.—Gen D Dowd, Dr Jno Shaw, Capt James D McIver, Capt George Wilcox, Doctor H Turner.

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Nash.—Hon A H Arrington, Henry G Williams, Alspey J Taylor, Capt G N Lewis, L F Battle, John Thorpe, Esq., Benj H Bunn.

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Pitt.—E C Yellowley, Dr. C J O'Hagan, G W Johnson, Henry Shepherd, W R Williams, Jesse Stancill, Abram Cox, L G Little.

Person.—S C Barnett, Horace Bumpass, Dr Wm Merritt, Jno W Cunningham, Jas Holeman, Henry T Jordan.

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Robeson.—John Leach, N A McLean, Giles Leitch, John H M Eachen, Thomas Morrisey.

Rowan.—F E Shober, W H Bailey, Kerr Craige, W A Hauck, Isaac M Shaver, T W Keen, Richard Cowan, Jno. K. Graham.

Rutherford.—L P Erwin, J M Whiteside, Joseph Carson, W H Miller, Dr Thomas S Duffy.

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Sampson.—Col A A McKoy, William S Devane, R C Holmes, Dr H A Bizzell, Dr J T Murphy.

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Daily, Semi-Weekly and Weekly.
William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co-ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

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Gro. Grain and Rept Silks, French Merino, Bombazine, Tamese, Canton Cloth, Bearetz, Crapes, Barathea, Poplins, Empress Cloth, Ugenias, Veloutines, Persian Cloths, Mouslines, Challies, Alpacca and Mohair, all of the very best, Lonpin's celebrated manufacture.

White Goods.

Plain, Plaid and Striped Cambric, Plain, Plaid and Striped Jaconet, Plain, Plaid and Striped Nainsook, Plain, Plaid and striped Muff Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Swiss Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Bishop's Lawn, Soft finish Jaconets, Soft finish Cambric, Soft finish Long Cloths, Pe Kay Marseilles, &c., Tarletons, white and colored, Organdies Dotted and Figured Swiss, Brilliants, Patent skirting.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods.

Undervests, Drawers, Corsets, Lisle Thread Hose, Real English Hose, German Hosiery in great variety, for Misses, Children and Ladies; Ladies' Brown Hose, Ladies' Black and Slate Hose; Kid Gloves in large assortment, white, black and colored, Berlin and Lisle Thread Gloves, in all sizes, Garters, Elastics, Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Real Shell, Horn and Gutta Percha Combs, Veils in Real Lace Dotted Bordered and Bugle-Trimmed Parasols, Fans, &c.

Domestics.

Bleached and Brown Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleached and Brown Jeans, Bleached and Brown Canton Flannel, Plaid, Striped and Plain Osnaburgs, Tickings, Denmins, Ticknes, Huckery, Dongrey, Calico in all the popular makes; Ginghams in every variety.

Housekeeping Department.

Flannels, plain and fancy, Blankets, Carpets, Tapestry, Three-Ply, Superfine, Ingrain, in all wool and cotton chain, Venetian, Hemp and Cottage Carpets, Druggets, Rugs and Door Mats, Floor Oil Cloth Lace, Muslin, Brocatelle and Damask Curtains, Piano and Table Covers, Table Damask, Stair and Table Oil Cloths, Napkins, Doilies, Towels, Huckaback, Crash and Glass Linens, Linen and Cotton Sheetings, in all widths, Pillow Linens, Marseilles Counterpanes, Jacquard and Cotton Diapers, Linen Diapers, Bird eye Diapers, Irish Linen, &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

All are respectfully invited to inspect my stock before making their purchases. My conviction is, the true way to success is to secure the interest of your customers by charging the smallest possible profit on goods. This has ever been my motto, and the large business heretofore done encourages me in adhering strictly to it.

THOMAS SMITH,
No. 25 Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.
Oct. 15—59

FRESH SEEDS.
We have just received from the most reliable seed-growers in the country, a large stock of **Fresh Garden, Lawn, Field and Meadow Grass Seeds**, embracing every variety of

Artichoke	Onion
Asparagus	Okra
Beans	Parsley
Beet	Parsnip
Brocoli	Peas
Brussells Sprouts	Pepper
Cabbage	Pumpkin
Carrot	Radish
Cauliflower	Rhubarb
Celery	Salsify
Collards	Squash
Corn Salad	Spinach
Cress or Peppergrass	Tomato
Cucumber	Herbs
Endive	Herds Grass
Egg Plant	Orchard do
Leek	Ky. Blue Grass
Lettuce	Timothy do
Kale	Mixed Lawn and
Melon	Lucerne Grass
Nasturtium	White Clover.

Which we offer at the lowest market rates for Cash.
JORDAN & CARR,
Jan 29-148-tf Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Petersburg, Va.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHARLESTON HOTEL,
CHARLESTON, S. C.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN charge of the above well known Hotel, respectfully informs his friends and the travelling public that it has been REFURNISHED IN ALL OF ITS DEPARTMENTS. The table will at all times be supplied with the BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS, including every delicacy in season, while the cuisine will be unexceptionable. The Bath Rooms attached to the Hotel are supplied with the celebrated Artesian Water, and HOT, COLD OR SHOWER BATHS can be obtained at any time. The same attention will be paid to the comfort of the guests as heretofore, and travelers can rely upon finding the Charleston Hotel equal to any in the United States. The patronage of the travelling public is respectfully solicited.
Jan 14-133-3m J. P. HORRACH, Agent, Proprietor.

P. F. PESCUD,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,
HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:
Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.
Their combined Capital and Assetts exceeding $5,500,000.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.
Dec. 14—110-tf P. F. PESCUD, Ins. Agent.

FOR SALE OR RENT.
A Steam Saw Mill, of 20 horse power, all in perfect order, with two Saws, Log Cart and Waggon.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
Mar 9—tf Auctioneers & Com. Merch'ts.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

ESTABLISHED 1831.
KADER BIGGS. JOS. T. BIGGS.
KADER BIGGS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, Va.
SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.
Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.
Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.
Liberal advances made on produce in hand.
TRAVELLING AGENTS: Major Jas. M. Mayo, of Edgecombe, and Mr. Jas. B. Hancock, of Wilson, who will be pleased to furnish any information or facility to those shipping to us.
Revenue Taxes on Cotton can be paid here in all cases when preferred by shippers, according to recent regulations.
Norfolk, Va., Nov. 4—

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENCIL NAME PLATES,
FOR MARKING CLOTHING WITH INDELIBLE INK, AND FOR MARKING BOOK